Bedford Inquirer.

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BY DAVID OVER. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY, APRIL 22, 1859. VOL. 32, NO. 17.

Poetry.

YE CAN CONQUER, IF YE WILL.

BY ANANIAS M. SAWYER.

Rugged toiler—son of labor—
Stoutly battling every day
For existence—Oh, my brother,
Thou shalt triumph in the fray.
On life's changeful field of action,
Though defeat may oft appear,
Thou shalt win the victor's laurels,
If thou wilt but persevere.

Though thou art obscure and lowly,
Ye may reach the wished-for goal,
Grasp the prizes, wealth and station,
If thou hast a dauntless soul;
If thou hast a resolution
That misfortune cannot shake;
One on which the angry surges
An impression fail to make.

Art thou sneered at and derided
By the self styled lofty born?
Heed ye not the fool's contumely,
Or the weak mind's harmless scorn.
Art thou friendless—friends will gather,
As do courtiers, kings around,
When thou hast achieved distinction,
When thou hast position found.

Strong in faith, let naught repel thee;
Thou shalt in the end prevail;
In life's trials, and its battles,
None but dastard cowards fail;
Noble natures prove ascendant,
In earth's mighty contest rang;
To renown from dark oblivion,
Robed in glory up they sprang.

What if years of fierce endeavor
Have been spent by thee in vain?
What if thou has met disaster?
Up and take the field again.
Wreck and ruins all about thee,
Give not up but struggle still,
Stubborn courage is resistless,
Ye can conquer if ye will.

Reduction of the State Taxes.

Mr. Patterson, from the select committee, to whom was referred the bill entitled "A act to reduce the State tax," made a report setting forth that a reduction of the State tax might easily be made at once to two mills on the dollar. The report was read as follows:

To the Hon. W. C. A. Lawrence, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Mr. Patterson, from the select committee to whom was referred House bill No. 882, entitled "An Act to reduce the State tax on real and personal estate to two mills on the dollar," most respectfully begs leave to submit the following report:

The question of taxation immediately concerns every citizen of the Commonwealth; and any legislation thereon requires the greatest caution and scrutiny. While the necessity of increasing the taxes would be seriously felt and lamented by all, the ability to reduce the present burden of the people, and the fact that such a reduction can be made with safety to the future and justice to the creditors of the State, will, no doubt, be hailed with joyful satisfaction by the willing and patient taxpayers, as a forerunner of the "good time coming," when the ordinary resources of the Commonwealth will be amply sufficient to defray all its current annual expenditures, without a dollar of direct taxation.

The history of taxes is, that they are constantly increasing; and it is the plain and imperative duty of every legislator to direct his energy and influence to an actual and substantial reduction, if within his power.

In our inquiry into this subject, while we desire to relieve the taxpayer of a portion of his burdens, we are compelled to keep in view the honor and credit of our noble old Commonwealth, pledged for the redemption of her debt. The constitution requires the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund to annually redeem one quarter of a million of dollars of theState debt; it is a wise provision. The present prosperous condition of the Treasury fully justifies the assertion that, by prudence, economy and financial skill, we can in future pay annually one million of dollars of the State debt, provided there should be no falling off in the revenue from other sources than the direct tax on real and personal estate; and upon careful examination of the different items of revenue we can find no one which can, or will, be cut off, or be decreased in amount; but the experience of the Treasury goes to prove that the revenue is gradually but certainly increasing every year from its present sources.

The whole amount of receipts at the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending 30th November, 1858, was $4,708,916 82, deduct the whole amount of State tax on real and personal estate, $1,610,229 19, and we have the sum of $3,098,697 63 as the receipts of the Treasury from sources besides the direct State tax.

Now, a comparison for the year ending 30th November, 1859, will be still more striking as going to prove the assertion that the condition of the Treasury will justify a gradual reduction of the State tax until it is entirely removed, and yet the resources will be ample to meet the ordinary expenses of the Government, and annually redeem a large amount of the State debt, and secure its final extinguishment.

The State Treasurer estimates the receipts for the year 1859--and we are informed the figures have been more than realized since the year commenced (30th November, 1858,) at $4,980,827 76, deduct whole amount received from State tax for 1859, $1,650,000, and we have the sum of $3,330,827 76 as the receipts of the State outside the State tax; yet this sum is sufficient to pay the expenses of 1859, and redeem the amount of the State debt required by the constitution. The appropriation bill for 1859 is in round numbers, $2,900,000; redemption of State debt, $250,000, added together, $3,150,000, showing a balance of $180,827 76, after paying expense and debt, without collecting one dollar of State tax. These figures must convince the most incredulous of the fact that the State tax can be gradually reduced, and in a few years entirely removed.

Your Committee doubt the policy of continuing the present heavy rate of taxation for the purpose of a rapid liquidation of the State debt. The creditors of the State receive their interest promptly and will be satisfied to receive so much of the principal as the figures show can be readily paid. A more rapid liquidation would soon place the funded debt not due, at a premium, to pay which we think is a waste of money, and gross injustice to the taxpayers. In 1857 the United States government bought in its loans at a heavy premium, and three months thereafter was in the market as a borrower of money. The taxpayers of the Commonwealth have borne the burdens imposed patiently for years, and now when it is in our power it should be our pleasure, as it is our duty, to relieve them, at least to the extent contemplated by the present bill. The policy of accumulating a large sum in the Treasury, and having at the end of each year an unexpended balance of near, if not altogether two millions of dollars, is dangerous, offering inducements to extravagance on the part of the Legislature, and if the experience of States can be taken as a guide, affording irresistible temptation to speculation and loss on the part of those having charge of the public funds. Far better and safer would it be to leave the care of so large a surplus in the hands of the rightful owners, the people, and not draw it from them in the shape of taxes, unless absolutely required. The present debt of the Commonwealth, as stated by the Auditor General, after deducting the amount which will be cancelled by the bonds received from the sale of the Canals and Railroads of the State, which he pronounces good and responsible for the amount they represent, is $28,087,111 16, one million of which it is proposed to pay this year, and in the opinion of those conversant with the subject, and after careful examination, we are clearly of the opinion that the sum of one million of dollars can be paid annually until the whole debt is extinguished, which will a period of about twenty-five years, unless some unforseen and unexpected public contingency should arise to interfere with the regular operation of the Treasury.—While your Committee consider that the consider that the condition of the Treasury would justify a greater reduction than one half a mill on the dollar of State tax, and while in the present embarassed and stagnant condition of business throughout the State, and the serious losses sustained by the farmers by failure of the crops for the last few years, we would take pleasure in recommending such a course, yet prudence and a proper regard for the faith of the Commonwealth forbid us from recommending at this time a further reduction in the State tax than one half a mill on the dollar. We present the following figures, based upon the official returns and estimates of the Auditor General and State Treasurer, which we feel confident will satisfy any one of the correctness of the position we assume, and sustain the policy of the proposed reduction.

The State Treasurer estimates the entire receipts at the State Treasury up to 30th November, 1859, at	$4,088,800 00
Add balance in Treasury 30th November, 1859,	892,027 76
Entire receipts for 1859,	$4,980,827 76
The appropriation bill for 1859, amounts in round numbers, to	2,900,000 00
Balance in Treasury 30th November, 1859,	$2,080,827 76
But deduct the payment on State debt as we propose, and which we are informed the State Treasurer will pay this year,	1,000,000 00
	$1,080,827 76

And we have the balance of $1,080,827 76 in the Treasury on 30th November, 1859, after defraying all the expenses of the State, and redeeming one million dollars of the State debt.

Now estimate the receipts from all sources the same for 1860 as for 1859, except from State tax, which item we will deduct from the estimate, and we have the following sum as the resources, except from State tax, $2,603,803 77.

The whole amount of State tax on real and personal estate at 2½ mills on the dollar, as fixed by the Board of Revenue Commissioners at their last triennial assessment, amounts to (see report of Auditor General) $1,484,816 23.

Now deduct one-half mill on the dollar or one fifth the above sum as proposed by the present bill, and we have the sum of $296,963 24 as the entire amount of State tax to be raised for the year 1860 at two mills on the dollar, and which we will add to the receips of 1860, $1,187,952 99--and we have the sum of $4,872,664 52 as the entire receipts for 1860, which will be greatly increased from other sources.

Now estimate the appropriation bill for 1860 at the same as for 1859, and it should be less, as the item of interest will be some $80,000 less—2,900,000--and we have the sum of $1,972,664 54 as the balance in the Treasury on the 30th November, 1860. But if we deduct the sum of 1,000,000, which could be applied to the redemption of the State debt in 1860, we have the sum of $972,664 52 as the balance in the Treasury on 30th November, 1860, after defraying the expenses of the government and redeeming in the year 1859 and 1860 two millions of dollars of the State debt, and reducing the State tax to two mills on the dollar.

These figures can be relied upon as the sources of the Treasury are positive and sure, and cannot be diminished unless by carelessness on the part of the agents of the State, or recklessness of the Legislature, which we hope will be guarded against. The expenditures of the State must decrease every year, as there are no avenues through which the funds can be squandered, since the State has entirely relieved itself from the control and expenses of public improvements, and in future the operations of the Treasury can be strictly confined to the ordinary expenses of the State, and the reduction of the debt. The reduction proposed will not take place until next year, and can in no measure effect the revenue for this year.

In view of all these facts, your committee report, with an affirmative recommendation, House bill No 882, entitled "An act to reduce the State tax on personal and real estate to two mills on the dollar."

All of which is respectfully submitted.

JOHN J. PATTERSON,
JOS. H. WILSON,
WILSON LAIRD,
JOSEPH BARNSLEY,
SAM'L OAKS.

Mr. Patterson moved that, for the purpose of considering House bill No. 882, entitled "an act for the further reduction of the State tax on real and personal estate to two mills on the dollar," the rules be suspended, and that the House proceed to consider the bill, which was agreed to, and the bill was considered in committee of the whole, Mr. Walker in the chair.

After the first section had been read,

Mr. Walker moved to strike out "two" and insert "one and a half," but subsequently withdrew his amendment. The bill then passed committee of the whole, second and final reading, as follows, viz:

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted, &c.* That hereafter the tax imposed upon real and personal estate for State purposes, by the thirty-second and thirty-fourth sections of the Act of Assembly approved the twenty-ninth day of April, 1844, entitled "an act to reduce the State debt and to incorporate the Pennsylvania canal and railroad company," be and is hereby further reduced to two mills on the dollar; provided, that the reduction shall not be made upon the taxes levied for the present year.

On the final passage of the bill the yeas and nays were called, and resulted as follows:—Yeas, 77. Nays, none.

PIKE'S PEAK.

A Steamboat, filled with gold seekers bound to Pike's Peak and the region roundabout, was sunk, on Monday night in the Ohio, by a collision, and a score or two of the passengers were drowned. Thus ends the golden dream of one party of enthusiasts. Hundreds of others will probably perish by disease or accident, and all will suffer more or less from fatigue, privation and exposure. But it is with such trials as these, that waste places are filled and commonwealths are formed. A great sacrifice must be offered to the goddess Fortune, before her favor is vouchsafed to her votaries.

The number of emigrants, adventurers, pilgrims, or whatever they may be called, is enormous this spring. Every steamboat and railroad train bound to the West is filled with them, and vehicles and animals of all kinds are brought into the service. A private letter, dated St. Joseph, Mo., March 25th, is before us, which says:

"Our city is a perfect jam, crowded with Pike's Peakers. Some are going with hand carts, some with wheelbarrows, and some with knapsacks. Two expresses leave every week filled with passengers. The ox-trains have not yet started. The rail road cars bring in daily from two hundred to five hundred people."

All other places on the route present the same extraordinary spectacle, and it is believed by some that the wilderness of Western Kansas will contain before the summer is over, at least one hundred thousand inhabitants. This may be the case, unless the promise of the richness of the mines should be unfulfilled. Of this there is some danger; for occasional reports reach us of returning miners, broken in health, spirits and fortune, who report the gold mines a humbug. Some have spent the winter in the most praised region, and have left disgusted. There must be a large per centage of such failures and disappointments in an emigrating population, and Pike's Peak, with its contiguous gold bearing country, may not altogether satisfy the expectations of any. Still many active and energetic people will be transferred to a good country, and even if the gold fails, will become permanent settlers. Thus population and civilization will be thrust farther westward, to meet the returning wave from the Pacific States, and thus the whole Union will be benefitted.

FOUR MEN HUNG AT BALTIMORE.

Terrible Expiation of Crime.

BALTIMORE, April 8.—At eleven o'clock this morning, the four men who have been under sentence of death in our County Prison, expiated their crimes by death on the gallows, in due course of law. The execution was witnessed by at least thirty thousand people, from city and country.

THE MURDERERS AND THEIR VICTIMS.

Their names and the names of their victims are as follows:

Henry Gambrill, the murderer of Policeman Bolton.

Marion Cropps, the murderer of Policeman Rigdon.

Peter Corrie, his accomplice, and

Stephens *alias* Cyphus, (colored,) the murderer of a negro named King.

Gambrill killed Policeman Benton in the street, in which Gambrill's friends were wrangling with another party of "roughs." He is quite a young man, and maintained his innocence all through the trial and since the reprieve.

Crop or Cropps was to have been hung on the 18th ult., with Gambrill, but by the clemency of the Governor he was allowed time for preparation. He was about 24 years old and was said to have been quite handsome. He murdered Rigdon for daring to testify against his comrade, Gambrill.

Corrie was the accomplice of Marion Cropps, in the murder of officer Rigdon. Corrie was a butcher by trade, and has worked at that business, but, for sometime before the murder of Rigdon, had given himself up to hard drinking, and associating with members of the Plug Ugly and Rip Rap Clubs. Corrie was about twenty-six or twenty-seven years of age, dark hair and eyes, about 5 feet 6 inches in height, and about 160 lbs. in weight; his face, though not good looking, was not repulsive, but had something interesting in the expression.

Stephens *alias* Cyphus, was convicted of the murder of another negro, on account of a female whom Cyphus had picked up in the streets, and taken to a house of assignation, when he was interrupted by the man, and Cyphus stabbed him. He has constantly declared his innocence, but his conviction would be more certain than before, if granted a new trial. He was a fine-looking man, pleasant expression of face, about 5 feet 8 inches in height, and weighed about [illegible] lbs. He was employed as a drayman about the wharf.

SCENES IN JAIL YESTERDAY AND LAST NIGHT.

The entrance to the city jail was crowded all of yesterday by persons, male and female, whose curiosity and interest in the fate of the persons condemned to die to-day seemed to out-weigh all other considerations. So numerous were the applications for admissions that the attentive and gentlemanly warden, Capt. James, was compelled to refuse an entrance to all whose relations, official or otherwise, did not justify it.

The clergymen who have interested themselves with praiseworthy zeal in the fate of the unhappy men were early in attendance upon them.

The relatives of the condemned visited them yesterday as is supposed, for the last time, and upon the sacred privacy of their last interview upon earth, no others desired to intrude. At 2 P. M., Wm. P. Preston, Esq., counsel of Peter Corrie, visited his cell. On entering, Peter who was engaged in his devotions, and surrounded by his relations, brothers, sisters, and friends sprang forward and affectionately embraced his counsel. His first ejaculation was, "Oh, Mr. Preston, I am very glad to see you. I am prepared, sir, but before I die I wish to express to you my thanks for your exertions in my behalf. Oh, sir, do you not think I deserve to be forgiven? Have I ever been in heart a murderer?"

Mr. Preston paused, and in the midst of breathless silence said: "Peter, I have known you from a small boy; I knew your father, and I know your mother; I know all your family, and I feel deeply for their affliction and your fate. I have defended you, and I have defended you upon principle. In my judgment you are not a murderer. To-morrow you must die; die an ignominious death; may God have mercy on you. I have come to bid you farewell."—Corrie replied: "Sir, I never conspired or consented to take the life of Rigdon. He was a stranger to me. I had no malice against him whatever; my mistake it was the result of drunken excitement. I was drawn into it, others pushed us on; I hope God will forgive us, will forgive all. Sir, I have asked for pardon, and through the blessed influence of religion I hope I may be pardoned. In the death of the unfortunate man I had nothing to gain; I never consented to his death, never! but, sir, perhaps it is better I should die. My agony is that my kind mother and sisters should suffer on my account. May God comfort them." The prisoner wept bitterly, and all within the cell joined in his grief.

Mr. Preston responded, "Peter I must bid you farewell—at this time to-morrow, your spirit shall have fled to the world of which we know so little. May God, in His infinite mercy, pardon our offences in this world. I again say I do not think you are a murderer. Carry with you to the place of execution my expressed opinion that you are the victim of that bewildering excitement too often produced by intoxication. The kindness and tenderness of your heart, I have never doubted. May God pardon you, and give consolation to your unhappy mother and family. In this world we shall never meet again—farewell!"

The counsel again embraced his client, and amidst the audible sobs of all present, took his final adieu.

Long before the time fixed for the execution of the wretched criminals, a line of men and women poured towards the prison. Notwithstanding the positive rule that no persons except such as were provided with tickets of admission should be permitted to go inside the walls, there was a large crowd gathered about the gate, and all sorts of pretexts were invented to obtain admission. There was a strong police force on duty both within and without the walls, and serious disorders were prevented by their presence.

Cropps has left the following brief note in the hands of the clergy, with a request that it should not be opened until after his death. It was written at 9 o'clock, this morning:

"It was me that shot Rigdon, but I have repented of it."

THE EXECUTIONS.

By six o'clock this morning, no less than 30,000 people had crowded from every portion of the city and from various points in the country toward the jail. Every street, lane or alley leading in that direction, was thronged. They were male and female, old and young. The hill which overlooks the jail and the neighboring roofs were first filled with people, and by ten o'clock hardly a foot of standing room was vacant.

The cloudy weather, the rain, and the dismal aspect of things generally out of doors, did not deter the eager multitude.

All the criminals exhibited remarkable composure and firmness on the scaffold.

Cropps led in singing a hymn, in which all joined on the scaffold. Gambrill declared, in a clear and loud voice, that he was innocent. Cyphus also attested his innocence. Cropps merely said, in a strong voice, "Good-bye to all." Corrie said nothing. The preliminaries were then rapidly arranged by the Sheriff and his assistants.

The drop fell at precisely 7 minutes past eleven o'clock, and thus the four criminals were launched on the dark and unknown sea of eternity.

There was no disturbance whatever.

A HERO.

Miss Pardoe, in a recent work, relates the following interesting anecdote:—

At the battle of Montmirail, a young officer, named Durosier, chanced to be in attendance on the Emperor at the moment when it became essential to dispatch an order to one of the Generals of Division; and Napoleon, hastily summoning him to his side, gave him instructions to deliver it without delay.

"Spare neither yourself nor your horse, Sire," he sternly said; "for their is not a moment to lose, and return at once to report to me that my order has been promptly obeyed."

Durosier galloped off amid a shower of shot and shells, and within a quarter of an hour, he was again beside the Emperor. His duty was performed.

"You have behaved well, monsieur," said Napoleon, when he had received his report; "you have a stout heart and a clear head, though you are still only a youngster. I give you a Captain's brevet, and attach you to my person. What is your name?"

"Durosier, Sire."

"It seems familiar to me. On what occasion have I before heard it?"

"I was the Colonel of the boy battallion, your majesty."

"Ah! I remember. Well, that is an additional reason why I should attach you to my person!"

"It is too late, Sire," murmured the young soldier.

"Too late, Captain Durosier—and why?"

"Sire, they have hit me," and as he spoke, he withdrew a handkerchief, saturated with blood, from the breast of his coat. "All will soon be over—*Viva l' Emperor, Viva la France!*"

He reeled for an instant in his saddle, and then fell heavily into the arms of an officer who had sprung forward to support him. Durosier was a corpse.

"So young!—so young!—and so brave!—and to die on his first battle field!" exclaimed the Emperor, as he bent down, for an instant over the body. "Poor boy! poor boy!

Then setting spurs to his charger, he galloped off, as if unable to linger over so sad a spectacle.—*Episodes in the French History.*

A WINDFALL FOR A PRISONER.—A gentleman recently died in France, leaving his son, who was on a visit to the United States, the snug little sum of $2,000,000 of which $60,000 was subsequently remitted to a New York banker to be paid to the young man. It appears, however, he could not be found, although advertised for, until a few days ago, when he was discovered lying sick in the workhouse, in Erie county, New York, where he was committed as a vagrant. The Lockport *Advertiser*, which tells this story, says the young man brought with him to the U. States $63,000, and of this he lost $20,000 by the failure of a banker, and spent the balance in gambling and dissipation.

Questions for Debating Societies.

If the traveler who took the course of human events has in any event ever been heard of since.

If brass will make a candlestick, what will make one let loose?

If the hollow of a log can be heard?

If tin will make a can, what will make a can't?

If twelve inches make one foot, how many will make a leg?

If five and a half yards make one pole, how many will it take to make a log.

Do potatoes ever wear out, as we often hear of potato patches.

If pig pens will do to write with?

Will the Cape of Good Hope fit a lady?

If a good act benefits no one else it benefits the one who does it.

AN AXE TO GRIND.

When I was a little boy says Dr. Franklin, I remember, one cold winter morning, I was accosted by a smiling man with an axe on his shoulder. "My pretty boy," said he "has your father a grindstone?"

"Yes, sir," said I.

"You are a fine little fellow," said he, will you let me grind my axe on it?"

Pleased with the compliment of "fine little fellow," I answered, "O, yes; it is down in the shop."

"And will you, my little fellow," said he, patting me on the head, "get me a little hot water?"

Could I refuse? I ran and soon brought a kettle full.

"How old are you, and what's your name?" And without waiting for a reply, he continued, "I am sure you are one of the finest little fellows that I ever saw. Will you just turn a few minutes for me?"

Tickled at the flattery, like a fool, I went to work, and bitterly did I rue the day. It was a new axe, and I toiled and tugged till I was almost tired to death. The school bell rang and I could not get away. My hands were blistered, the axe was sharpened, and the man turned to me with, "Now, you little rascal, you've played truant; send for school, or you'll rue it."

Alas, thought I it is hard enough to turn a grindstone this cold day, but to be called a little rascal was too much. It sunk deep in my mind, and often have I thought of it since.—When I see a merchant over polite to his customers, begging them to take a little brandy, and throwing his goods on the counter, thinks I that man has an axe to grind. When I see a man flattering the people, making a great profession of attachment to liberty, who is in private life a tyrant, methinks look out good people, that fellow would set you turning a grindstone. When I see a man hoisted into office by party spirit, without a single qualification to render him respectable or useful, alas, deluded people you are doomed for a season to turn a grindstone for a body.

THE EFFECT IN EUROPE.

The retrograde European journals all quote with great delight the recent exposure of the corruption practised in our Navy Department by Messrs. Buchanan and Toucy. The famous letter of "J. B." in particular, encouraging Mr. Toucy to pay several thousand more for votes for Mr. Thomas B. Florence, M. C., in the form of an excessive compensation for steam machinery, is especially welcome to these enemies of universal suffrage and popular institutions. See, they exclaim, to what results the republican system must surely lead! Bribery and corruption from the very head of the Executive, who puts his own sign manual to the most revolting transaction, down to the most official agent. Of course, with such a bugbear, the English conservative can successfully resist every effort to popularize the subject in that kindgdom. The Pro-Slavery Democratic party in this country thus exert a fatal influence abroad as well as at home. Mr. Buchanan and his compeers not only inflict a deep disgrace on their own country, but add strength and weight to the shackles of the people in Europe. Instead of an example of Liberty to other nations, America is now the scarecrow of despots and aristocracies.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

What President Buchanan has done in defiance of the will of the people, as expressed through their accredited representatives is forcibly put in the following extract from a Harford paper:

"When Connecticut repudiated Isaac Toucey, Mr. Buchanan took him into the Cabinet.

"When Michigan repudiated Lewis Cass Mr. Buchanan took him into the Cabinet.

"When old Berks repudiated John Glancy Jones, Mr. Buchanan rewarded him with a mission to Austria.

"When Indiana repudiated John Petit, Mr. Buchanan made him Chief Justice of Kansas.

"When Iowa repudiated George W. Jones, Mr. Buchanan offered him a mission to Bogota.

"When Iowa repudiated Augustus Cæsar Dodge, he was made Minister to Spain.

"When the pro-slavery party failed to establish Slavery in Oregon, Mr. Buchanan made its leader the U. S. District Judge."

Mr. Pullup coming home late, 'pretty full, finds the walking slippery, and exclaims; 'V-ver-very sing'lar; wh-whenever water freezes it allus fr-freezes with the sl-slippery side up; dem'd singular.

A pretty woman is like a great truth, or a great happiness; and has no more right to bundle herself up under a green veil, or any similar abomination, than the sun has a right to put green spectacles on.

Servant: 'What kind of sauce will you have, Mr. Blitkins?'

Blitkins: 'I don't allow a servant to give me any kind of sauce.'

An editor down east thinks children's games are becoming popular with elder persons nowa-days as he has seen several gentlemen chasing 'hoops' in the streets.

Jerry Diggs remembered his miserly uncle in his will, for he bequeathed 'to my mother's brother a gun-flint, and a knife to skin it with.'

Of all earthly music that which reaches the farthest into heaven, is the beating of a loving heart.

'My dear wife, I wish you would try to keep your temper'—'My dear husband I wish you would try and get rid of yours.'

BEDFORD INQUIRER.

BEDFORD, Pa.

Friday Morning, April, 22 1859.

"FEARLESS AND FREE."

D. OVER—Editor and Proprietor.

STATE CONVENTION.

The citizens of Philadelphia and of the several counties of this Commonwealth attached to the People's party, and all others who are opposed to the unwise and extravagant measures of the National Administration, are requested to send delegates, equal in number to its representation in the General Assembly, to a Convention to be held at HARRISBURG ON WEDNESDAY THE 8th OF JUNE, 1859, to nominate candidates for Auditor General and Surveyor General to be voted for at the General Election in next October.

HENRY M. FULLER,
WM. B. MANN, Sec'y. Chairman.

PEOPLE'S MEETING.

There will be a meeting of the People's Party held in the Court House on Tuesday evening of May Court, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the People's State Convention.—Several speeches will be made. All of all parties are invited to attend.

ANTI-BUCHANAN DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The Convention of the anti-Buchanan Democracy, which met in Harrisburg, on the 13th inst., was numerously attended. Alex. McKinney, Esq., of Westmoreland, presided, assisted by numerous Vice Presidents and Secretaries. Speeches were made by John Hickman, Col. Forney, Judge Knox, and others.—Many of the old and leading men in the party were present, and took an active part in the proceedings. A lengthy address and series of resolutions were unanimously adopted. These resolutions repudiate the platform and candidates of the March convention. A committee of 56 was appointed as a State Central Committee. Col. Forney is Chairman, and we notice that Wm. J. Baer, Esq., of Somerset, is on the Committee as a member from this Senatorial district. It has power to call another Convention, and nominate a ticket if they deem it necessary. We notice from the *Press* of the 18th inst., that the Committee are called to meet at Altoona, on the 4th day of May, next, to prepare for the campaign.

"Occasional," in the *Press*, under date of Washington, April 17, has the following:

"The President is by no means satisfied that the Convention of Democrats, held at Harrisburg last Wednesday, was a failure. I know that he has heard the truth from more than one of those who were present and saw what was done. The President is getting tired of being cheated by courtiers. He has believed them implicitly before; he refuses to trust them now. General Bowman, of the *Union*, who is, as you know, a very empty-headed and violent partisan, a man of small intellect, of narrow ideas—is excessively indignant at the Harrisburg Convention, and threatens to prepare a series of wood-cuts, after the style of his old Bedford county rooster, to express his feelings. He visits the President tri-daily, and begs for editorials from every faithful follower of the existing dynasty, showing, by his industry, that he is resolved to exterminate all the rebels.—The President manages the paper himself, reads over the editorials, and gives directions. He will pay very liberally for scalps. He will reward all toadies well if they will bring him facts; and if only you could send him the head of Hickman or Knox, on a charger, he would forgive you all your manifold transgressions against his new gospel."

G. W. Bowman has issued the first number of his paper under the name of the "Constitution," but the old stench will still stick to it, nevertheless. It will be remembered that the said Bowman came on here last fall to engineer Wilson Reilly through, but who, in consequence of Bowman's being here, ran a less vote than he did two years before, and was badly beaten. Bowman to secure a vote here, *swore* that he considered Bedford his residence, and that as soon as he quit the office of Superintendent of Public Printing *he intended coming here to reside!* His vote was taken, he has resigned the office of Superintendent, and *hired* a newspaper in Washington. Does he intend to make his oath good, and will he come back again next fall to vote?

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS.

Messrs. J. &J. M. Shoemaker, have associated with them in the Dry Goods business, Mr. Josiah Shoemaker. The firm will hereafter go under the title of J. M. Shoemaker & Co.—They have just received a large and splendid assortment of new goods, which they will sell cheap as the cheapest. Call and see their stock.

J. SEWELL STEWART, Esq., of Huntingdon has been recommended as Senatorial Delegate to the People's State Convention for this district, by the People's Convention of Huntingdon. Bedford and Somerset Counties will no doubt concur in the recommendation.

See the advertisement of Mrs. S. E. Potts, in to-day's paper. She has a lot of splendid Fancy Goods, &c.

We call attention to the advertisement of the Summer arrangement of the Huntingdon and Broadtop Rail Road Company, in to-day's paper. The officers of this road are all clever and accommodating, and attend to the comforts of their passengers, and it is the quickest and cheapest route for our people to the eastern cities.

By reference to an advertisement in another column, it will be seen that the Odd Fellows intend celebrating their anniversary on Tuesday next, by a procession, and exercises in the Methodist church. Addresses will be delivered, suitable to the occasion. The public, and especially the ladies, are invited to attend.

By request, we publish the proceedings of the Supreme Court at Galveston, Texas, and also the Resolutions adopted by the Bar of the city of Austin, Texas, in relation to the death of Oliver C. Hartley, Esq., of that State, who was a native of Bedford.

NEW CUCUMBER.—We were the other day shown a large cucumber of this spring's growth by Mr. John Fleming the gardener at the Springs. John understands his business and no mistake.

BLACKSMITHING.—Messrs. Andrew Mower & Milton Spidel, have commenced the Blacksmith business in the West end of town, one door east of Brice's. They are good workmen.

SICKLES TRIAL.—This case is still progressing. It will probably be concluded this week. Considerable excitement is manifested at Washand throughout the country in regard to it.

On our first page we publish the report of the Committee, and the act in favor of the reduction of the State taxes, to two mills on the dollar. The Locofoco Senate killed it.

CLOSE OF THE SESSION.—The Pennsylvania Legislature adjourned on the 14th inst.—Messrs. Williams and Walker, the representatives from this district, have made very careful and attentive members, and their constituents are satisfied with the course they have pursued. The Harrisburg Telegraph says:

"Bucks, Beaver and Lawrence, Bedford and Somerset, Centre, Chester, Crawford and Warren, Huntingdon, Blair, Indiana, Juniata, Snyder and Union, Schuylkill, Lancaster, Lebanon, and several other counties, have all had their faithful members, and if the people consult their own interests, they will return all of them."

WAVERLEY NOVELS FOR THE MILLION.—That enterprising firm of publishers, T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, has just begun an undertaking, which cannot fail to be beneficial to the whole reading community.—We allude to the edition of Sir Walter Scott's novels, now in the course of publication by them, and which is to be completed in twenty-six volumes, at twenty-five cents a piece, or five dollars for the whole. These volumes are printed in double column octavo, and each will contain about one hundred and twenty-five pages. The entire sett of twenty-six volumes will be mailed, free of postage, to any person remitting five dollars to the publishers. This is an opportunity, never before had, for obtaining the Waverley Novels entire, at a price within the means of everybody; for it is the cheapest edition ever published, and for those who remit five dollars, and thus subscribe for the series, secure each volume for less than twenty cents. The price of the Edinburg edition, from which this edition is reprinted, is seventy-two dollars. Very properly have Peterson & Brothers called this the "Edition for the Million," for they ought to get a million of subscribers to it, in this reading nation, and doubtless will. KENILWORTH, forming the fourth volume of their series of the Waverley Novels is published this day.

THE MINISTER TO SPAIN.

Mr. Preston, the Minister of Mr. Buchanan to the Spanish Government, has been most politely received by her Most Catholic Majesty. A telegram from Madrid thus announces his reception:

"Mr. Preston, the Minister of the U. S., was received yesterday, by the Queen, in a private audience. In the name of President Buchanan, he assured her Majesty of the President's desire to maintain friendly relations with Spain, and expressed his own personal conviction that the general wish of the people of the U. S. was to preserve the bonds of friendship at present existing between the States and Spain, and to do everything in their power to avoid any misunderstanding between the two countries. The Queen replied in terms flattering to both the U. S. and its Minister."

There was a great deal more civility than truth in this assurance that Mr. Buchanan desired "to maintain friendly relations," but this is the language of diplomacy. Of course, the Dons know that it is "all bosh," but they pay back in the same coin. We do not see that much is gained by such profession, where each party knows that the other is fibbing.—*Daily News.*

There has not been a word in any of the Administration papers in denunciation of the enormous frauds *proved* to exist in Washington,—frauds by which immense sums have been lost to the government. The same papers are now "hot-foot" after Gov. Packer (anti-Lecompton) for *alleged* fraud in the transfer of a portionof the State Canals. It is not *our* place to defend Gov. Packer from the attacks of members of his party. We warned the people against electing Gov. Packer, and we said that he had too long been a Canal officer to be fit for Governor. The Democratic papers abused us for the suggestion, and assured the people that Packer was one of the best men ever put in nomination! This circumstance shows how little reliance can be safely put in the assurance of Democratic editors.

As they have their hand in, we suggest that they proceed to "show up" the extravagance and villany which flourish at Washington under King James the First. That at Harrisburg isn't a circumstance to it.—*Telegraph.*

Proceedings of the Supreme Court at Galveston, in relation to the Death of O C. Hartley.

Hon. M. D. Graham, Attorney General, addressed the Court as follows:

May it please the Court —

It is a practice which has the sanction of long usage, and which is in itself right and proper, when a member of the legal profession eminent for his attainments and moral worth, has been cut off by the hand of death, for his surviving brethren to place upon the records of the Courts in which he practised, some enduring memorial of the esteem in which he was held, while living. In conformity with this usage, I appear this morning to present to this Court the resolutions adopted by a meeting of the Bar, held at this place on the 13th ult., in relation to the death of Oliver C. Hartley—a distinguished member of the Galveston Bar, and the Reporter of the decisions of this Court. These resolutions, however, are not the result alone of a desire to conform to a mere custom; their adoption was not intended to be an empty and unmeaning ceremony; but, unless the sources of my information have been greatly at fault, they speak the irrepressible emotions of stricken hearts, that felt and appreciated the loss which had been sustained by the immediate family of the deceased, by the legal profession, and by society at large.

It might be deemed superogatory on my part to enter into an extended review of the history of the deceased. That has been done, on other occasions, and by others far more competent to the undertaking than myself. Suffice it for me to say that, in all the relations of life in which he was called upon to act—whether as a citizen, or a soldier—whether as a member of the State Legislature, or the Reporter of the decisions of this Court—whether as a husband or a father—whether in the public or private walks of life, he has left a record unmarred by a single spot, and a character above suspicion and without reproach.

His mind was thoroughly disciplined, and deeply imbued with solid learning; which added to rare powers of analysis, and a patient industry, which no amount of labor could deter or resist, enabled him to master every subject which he had occasion to investigate. At the bar, he was forcible and impressive, and sought rather to convince the judgement than to please the fancy. His perceptions were unusually clear, and at the same time he possessed a philosophical turn of mind, which would not rest satisfied with first impressions, but which sought to learn the remote as well as the proximate relation of things, and having once satisfied himself of the correctness of his premises, he deduced his conclusions with the power and skill of an accomplished logician. He had no higher ambition than the full and complete discharge of every duty, and how well he succeeded in this, the results of his professional and official labors will abundantly testify. In his professional intercourse he was characterized by fairness and candor, a temper rarely disturbed by passion, and a judgement never betrayed by impulse.

But it is his highest encomium to say, that his cardinal virtue was an incorruptible integrity which caused him to recognize no other standard of professional greatness, than that which has its foundation in moral excellence.

The amenity of his manners, and the unobtrusiveness of his character, added to a native goodness of heart, endeared him to all, and to none more than his professional brethren.

Such is the character accorded by those who know him best, to Oliver C. Hartley, a name which will live when the "sculptured marble shall have mouldered into dust," and so long as Texas jurisprudence shall have a place in the annals of time.

May it please the Court: It is becoming in us, as finite and short-sighted creatures, to meet with fortitude, and to bow with resignation to the decrees of an inscrutable Providence, which we can neither avert nor control. But when we consider the long years of toil and anxiety which he endured—the midnight oil which he consumed, and the physical energies which he wasted in the acquisition of that knowledge, which was to make him useful "in his day and generation;" when we reflect that the results of all this labor, the wealth of knowledge which he had garnered up in the chambers of the mind, are lost to us forever—that he can be of use to the future only by the record of the past—it is a weakness of our nature, which almost causes us to fret at a destiny that has swept from us, not only the casket, but the priceless jewels it contained.

But this dispensation, sad and afflictive as it may be, is not unattended with an impressive lesson. It admonishes us of the frail tenure of human existence, and that what the "preacher" says, is true, that "all is vanity."

Death is at all times an unwelcome messenger. But when he overtakes decrepit age, bending under the accumulated weight of years and cares—"wrinkled and curved and white with hoary hairs," we are consoled by the thought, that life's mission has been fulfilled, and that the "reaper" only "plucks the ears that are hoary." When he takes away youth in the morning of life, there is also consolation; because the attachments are yet unformed, the usefulness of its being not yet appreciated,—life itself is but a dream—and it passes away as the "early dew." But when he strikes down a man clothed in the panoply of matured strength, and in the full meridian of his usefulness, when he has just entered upon the realization of his youthful dreams, and the fruits of long years of toil and labor—when he has become the centre of a whole circle of clustering affections—when the attachments which bind him to earth have become as "bars of brass and triple steel"—it is then, oh! it is then, that there is no source of consolation this side the grave, and the hearts of surviving friends are left desolate indeed.

It is perhaps not the least unpleasant reflection connected with his death, that he was the victim of his own devotion to the discharge of duty,—ere he was aware of it, the unbending assiduity with which he applied himself to business undermined and finally overthrew, a natural robust and vigorous constitution. His over-wrought nature sank under the rebound of long continued, concentrated, and powerful mental effort. Did he know this, it must have added another pang to the agonies of death—

So the struck eagle stretched upon the plain,
No more thro' rolling clouds to soar again,
View'd his own feather on the fatal dart,
And winged the shaft that quivered in his heart;
Keen were his pangs, yet keener far to feel,
He nursed the pinion which impelled the steel,
While the same plumage that had warmed his nest,
Drank the last life drop of his bleeding breast.—

I move the resolutions be spread upon the minutes of this court.

Chief Justice Wheeler spoke as follows:

I am certain that I speak the sentiments of the members of the court when I say:

We sincerely participate in the sentiments expressed at the bar. In this bereavment this court and the profession have sustained a great and irreparable loss. The deceased was intimately connected with us in official, professional and personal relations. He bore to us more than the relations of an officer of the court and one in the first rank of the profession who discharged every duty with ability and fidelity; he was endeared to us by the kindness of his heart and the moral excellence of his character; he was an esteemed and valued friend. In the suddenness of the bereavement we are sensibly impressed with the truth that "in the midst of life we are in death." In the prime of life and with every promise of a long career of usefulness and honor; with everything to contribute to the enjoyment of the present and gild the future with bright hopes, he has been suddenly stricken down. But the valuable services he has so well rendered the court, the profession and the country, will remain enduring monuments of his ability, learning and industry. His memory will be cherished with affectionate remembrance by all who knew him: especially by those assembled here to-day, who knew him well and intimately. The members of the court and the bar,—all to whom the life, character and services of the deceased were known, lament his loss, and will be ready with their offering of public respect or personal affection to bestow upon his tomb.

We cordially unite with the bar paying this tribute of respect to the memory of Mr. Hartley, and will direct the proceedings of to-day to be placed upon the records of the court as a lasting memorial of our respectful and affectionate remembrance.

Resolutions adopted by the Bar of the City of Austin, Texas, on the Death of Oliver C. Hartley Esq.

Resolved, That while we bow with reverence to the dispensation of Providence, that has suddenly removed from among us, in the prime of his manhood, our esteemed friend, Oliver C. Hartley Esq., of Galveston, who, as a citizen, as a soldier, as a member of our Legislature, as the Digester of our Statutes, as one of the Commissioners for framing our Codes, and as a Reporter of the Decisions of our Supreme Court, had so conducted himself, as to cause all to feel that in his death our State has sustained a loss—we cannot forbear, as a body, publicly to express our regret at his decease.

Resolved, That we tender our cordial sympathies to his afflicted family, and to his numerous friends in this and in his native State.

Resolved, That the United States District Attorney, for the Western District of Texas, be, and is hereby requested to present these resolutions in our behalf, and to move that they be spread upon the records of the Court, and that the newspapers of this place, and of Galveston, and Tyler, Texas, and also of Bedford, Pennsylvania, be desired to publish them.

GEO. W. PASCHAL, Chairman.
W. L. ROBARDS,
F. W. CHANDLER, Secretaries.

We have received from our member of the Legislature, Geo. G. Walker, Esq., the annexed supplement which has recently passed both Houses, and is only awaiting the Governor's signature to become a law. The railroad which this supplement refers to, will be speedily made by New York capital. It will be located along the South side of the Allegheny mountain, extending as far as the Sand Patch Tunnel in this county. Even if this is not the case, it is thought that the passage of this supplement will arouse Baltimore to the necessity of pushing the Pittsburg and Connellsville Road to completion.—*Somerset Herald.*

A further supplement to the Act incorporating the Duncannon, Landesburg and Broad Top Rail Road Company.

SEC. 1st. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after the passage of this Act the Sherman's Valley and Broad Top Rail Road Company shall be named instead thereof the Pennsylvania Pacific Rail Road Company, with all the privileges and authorities to which they were entitled under their former name and be subject to all restrictions and liabilities to which they were subject under the same.

SEC. 2. That the Pennsylvania Pacific Rail-road Company shall have authority to extend their railway Westward to the State line of Maryland and Virginia, if the directors thereof shall so determine.

SEC. 3. That said railway company shall construct twenty-five miles of railway within five years from and after the passage of this Act, otherwise the Act to which this is a supplement shall be null and void.

ANOTHER AVALANCHE OF THE PEOPLE!

BUCHANAN LOCOFOCOISM NOWHERE!

There have been a number of elections held during the past few weeks. The Opposition to the Administration have "swept the platter clean" in all except Brooklyn N. Y., and that city would have undoubtedly gone the same way but for the Navy Yard at that point, packed with Federal office holders and employees, creatures of J. B. We annex the results as they have been received by telegraph.

RHODE ISLAND.—In this State the American Republicans have also achieved a complete triumph—electing their candidates for Governor, Secretary of State and Attorney General, As Rhode Island requires a majority of all the votes polled to elect, there is no choice for Lieut. Governor and State Treasurer, though the Republican candidates have a large plurality. In the Eastern Congressional District there is no choice. The vote stands, Robinson, American-Republican, 3,797; Davis, Republican, 2,422; Arnold, Democrat, 1,532. Robinson leads at every town but two. In the Western Congressional District, Brayton, who was supported by the American-Republicans and the Republicans, is elected. The vote is, Brayton, 2,946; Anthony, (Dem.) 700. The Opposition have both Houses of the Legislature by an overwhelming majority.

SANDUSKY, O., elected the democratic city ticket and a Republican Council.

DAVENPORT, Iowa, elected Republican city officers and a Republican Council—a gain from last year.

KEOKUK also went Republican.

INDIANAPOLIS elected the entire Republican ticket, by an increased majority over that of last year.

SPRINGFIELD, the capitol of Illinois, elected Republican officers, by 100 to 200 majority.

PORTLAND, Me.—The following dispatch tells the story of the way they do things away down east:

PORTLAND, April 5.—At the municipal election to-day, Mr. Jewett, the Republican candidate for Mayor, was elected, receiving 2,020 votes against 1,812 for Holden (Dem.) The Republicans elected Mr. Lane, Judge of the Municipal Court: five Aldermen out of the seven and sixteen out of the twenty-two Councilmen.

BROOKLYN, N. Y.—The *Tribune* of Wednesday says:

"The Brooklyn Charter election yesterday resulted in the election of the Democratic ticket, Samuel S. Powell for Mayor, Nathan B. Morse for Treasurer, Charles H. Collins for Controller, and John Doherty for Auditor. It is believed that the Opposition will have a majority in the new Board of Aldermen.

SCHENECTADY, April 5.—At the charter election, held in this city, S. P. Forest, Rep. was elected Mayor.

WISCONSIN—WILWAUKEE, April 7.—The returns of the recent election indicate the success of Byron Paine, the Republican candidate for Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, by a majority probably exceeding 5,000 votes.

Straws show which way the wind is blowing. The *N. Y. Tribune* truly says: "The Northern Lights gleam and flash across the whole horizon, and the darkest caves are irradiated. All is visibly ppeparing for the great National renovation of 1860."

See advertisement of Sanford's Liver Invigorator.

DIED.

On the 13th inst., at his residence in Bedford, Hon. DAVID MANN, in the 78th year of his age.

Thus, one by one, they pass away—the venerable men, who have grown with the growth of our County, and to whose energy and talents its prosperity must chiefly be attributed—and who link to-day with the traditionary past. The aged friend, whose death we now chronicle, was of that type of men, who build up communities, or found empires—sagacious, far-seeing, energetic, laborious, with a physical conformation suited to the mental activity.

As husband, father and friend, he has performed nobly his duties; as a citizen, in public and in private life, he has served his country well.

Mr. Mann was born in the "Tonoloway Settlement," in Bethel township, then Bedford, now Fulton, County, on the 26th February, 1782. His father, Andrew Mann, resided there previous to, and during the Revolution, and raised a company—among the members of which was the Proprietor of Hancock, Md.—and joined the Regular Army, in which he held the commission of Captain.

The subject of this obituary was first known in public life as a Major in the Penna. Militia. In 1804, he was elected one of the Commissioners of Bedford County, and served as such, till 1807. On the 10th February, 1809, he was appointed by Gov. Simon Snyder, Prothy and Clerk of the several Courts, and Register and Recorder of Bedford County, and came to Bedford to reside. In 1812, he was re-appointedby Gov. Snyder to the same offices, and again in 1815. Gov. Findlay continued him in these offices in 1818, and he filled them for three years longer. In the fall of 1821, he was elected Senator for the District composed of Bedford, Somerset and Cambria Counties. On the 1st May, 1824, he was appointed Auditor General by Gov. Shultze, and re-appointed in 1828. In 1832, he returned to Bedford, where he has since resided, engaged, for a number of years, in mercantile pursuits, taking but little active part in politics, but exercising a controlling influence by his foresight and judgement. C.

On the 12th inst., at his residence in St. Clair Township, Mr. JAMES MOORE, aged 71 years. The deceased suffered greatly during his short illness. He was one of our oldest citizens, and much respected by all.

On the 12th inst., Mrs. SOPHIA, wife of James Ingland, of Friends Cove, in the 41st year of her age.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

HUNTINGDON & BROADTOP R. R.

Two Daily Passenger Trains Each Way.

THE MORNING TRAIN

Leaves Huntingdon Every Morning

EXCEPT SUNDAY,

AT 9,25 A. M.,

Connecting with Penn'a. Rail Road Express Train West and Mail train East. Stopping at all Stations—connecting at SAXTON with Trains to the MINES, and running through to HOPEWELL—connecting with coaches to Bloody Run, Bedford Springs, Fulton Co. &c Returning. Leaves Hopewell at 12.29 P. M., Saxton at 12.55; Arriving in Huntingdon at 2,32 P. M.

THE EVENING TRAIN

Leaves Huntingdon at 5,00 P. M., Connecting with Pennsylvania R. R. Mail Train West, Running through to COALMONT on SHOUPS RUN BRANCH, arriving at COALMONT at 6,55 P. M. Returning Leaves Coalmont at 7,00 P. M., Saxton 7,36 P. M., and arriving in Huntingdon at 9,12 P. M., Connecting with PENN'A. R. R. FAST LINE EAST at 10,45 P. M.

Passengers going East from Huntingdon at 10,45 P. M. can enjoy the comforts of a sleeping car, which will fully compensate for the few hours delay at Huntingdon, in consequence of their being no afternoon train East as formerly.

J. J. LAWRENCE,
April 22, 1859.-1m Superintendent.

MRS. S. E. POTTS,

HAS just returned from the Eastern Cities with her usual stock of rich

Summer Goods,

Consisting in part of handsome Silk Robes, Lawn Robes, Barage Robes, Shawls, Lace Mantles, of every style, New Style Shawls; a large and splendid apartment of Spring and Summer Bonnets, of the latest fashion. Her stock is large, well selected, and, will be sold cheap to suit the times. Call and examine the goods, and judge for yourselves.
April 22, 1859.

Executor's Notice.

LETTERS testamentary on the Estate of John Harcleroad, late of Colerain Township, deced, having been granted to the subscribers, living in said township, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

SIMON HARCLEROAD,
WILLIAM OTT,
April 22, 1859.-6 Executors.

BUY

THE

WAMSUTTA PRINTS.

They are the Best Calicoes yet offered to the Public for the money.

WHOLESALE AGENTS

DEFOREST, ARMSTRONG & Co.,

NEW YORK.

April 22, 1859-4m

BEDFORD HIGH SCHOOL.

THE SECOND QUARTER of the first Session will open on TUESDAY MAY 10, Male and Female Departments separate. D. O. SHOEMAKER,
April 22, 1859. Principal.

SHADE

AND

VARIETY STORE.

Ferguson & Manspeaker

HAVE just opened their new and splendid assortment of

SHOES AND BOOTS,

of every kind and description for Men, Woman, and Children. Also, all kinds of goods except Dry Goods including a little of everything that others don't keep.

Call, and see something new,
Everything of each a few;
Shoes at fifteen cents a pair,
And boots at prices quite as rare.

In the variety department are contained all kinds of Brooms, Brushes, and Dusters, Baskets, Buckets, Oil cloth for stairs and tables, Stationery of every kind, Hunting and fishing tackle, Shoe thread, binding, awls, pegs, knives, &c. Teas, Essence of Coffee, Salt, Pepper, raisins, pegs, dates, &c., &c., &c., all of which will be sold for cash or country produce.
April 15, 1859.

LIST OF GRAND JURORS,

Ellas Gump, Esq., George Bowser, John Berkhimer, Daniel Barley, John W. Beeler, John Dicker, Daniel L. Deffaugh, Jacob Evans, Joseph Foller, Henry Flack, John B. Flack, David C. Foore, Daniel Horn, Lewis Koontz, D. S. Longenecker, John G. Minnich, Philip Morgart, John May, David Patterson, Henry Smith, John Shrader, John Smith, Daniel H. Wilt, Jr.

PETIT JURORS.

Peter Amick, John Ahlstadt, George R. Barndollar, Daniel Beegle, John Bittinger, Sr. William Bowles, Peter Barton, John C. Calhoun, Philip Clark, William Chenowith, William Dicken, Wm. Gersuch, Joseph Hickman, George Ickes, David Karns, Levi McGregor, Shannon Mullin, Isaac B. Mock, Joseph Mortimore, Mathew M. Peeples, George Potts, Robert Ralston, John Riley, Ephraim Robison, John Shaffer, Jr. Abraham Sollenberger, Samuel Stivers, Joslin Smith, Philip Shriner, Robert M. Taylor, Cyrus Way, William Whetstone, David Walter, George Whip, Jesse Willis, Adam Weaverling, William A. Young, David Zimmers.

April 15, 1859

LIST OF CAUSES

PUT down for trial at May Term (24 day) 1859.

T. McCauley & Co.	vs	John Davidson & Co.
Juniata School District,	"	Joseph Nicodemus,
John C. Rohm,	"	The H. C. & I. Company,
Henry Gates,	"	Milford James,
Joseph Gonden,	"	Wm Shoemaker et. al.
Jonathan H. Dicken,	"	Jesse Dicken, Jr.
John W. Beeler,	"	M. Smith's Exor's.
Elizabeth Mason,	"	Wm. Derimore.
Isett, Wigton & Co.	"	Madara, King & Co.

S. H. TATE,
Prothy's Office, April 15, 1859. Proth'y.

CAUTION!

ALL persons are cautioned against purchasing a judgment note given by me to Abram K. Fluck, for $160, payable on the 1st April, 1860 and dated the 12th Feb, 1859, as I have a claim of $20 against the same.

LUCY ANN DEYARMIN.
April 15, 1859.

ATTENTION RIFLEMEN!

YOU are hereby ordered to meet at Bedford, on *Thursday*, the 5th day of *May next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M. in Winter Uniform, (with plume) with arms and accoutrements in good order for inspection, and it is expected that all the members will be present. By order of the Captain.

WM. DIBERT, O. S.
April 15, 1859.

W. J. Mullin, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN

AND

DENTIST.

SCHELLSBURG, PENN'A.

OFFERS his services to the Public in the practice of Medicine. Will attend promptly to all cases entrusted to his care.

He will also perform all operations on the teeth in a neat and scientific manner.

Teeth plugged and inserted from a single tooth to

An Entire Set,

Mounted on gold or silver plate, on the latest and most approved principles.

TERMS *moderate*, and all operations *warranted*.
April 8, 1859.-tf.

OLIVER C. CLARK, SAMUEL M. HALLER

O. C. CLARK, & CO.,

FLOUR, FEED, GROCERY,

AND

Produce Store,

(*Centre Street, next door to Lutheran Church,*)

CUMBERLAND, Md.

A well selected stock is now open, and offered to families and country dealers, consisting of Family, Extra and Superfine Flour, Corn Meal, Corn and Rye Chop, Shorts, Ship-stuff, and Bran, New Orleans, Porto Rica, Muscavado and refined Sugars, Golden and S. H. Syrups, Molasses, Imperial, Young Hyson, and Black Tea, Java and Rio Coffee of the best quality. All kinds of Spices, Pickels in barrels and jars, Candies, Soap, Mackerel, and Herring, Water, Sugar, Soda, Edinburg, and Ginger Crackers, Peaches, Strawberries, Pine apples and Green corn, put up in can, expressly for family use. A choice lot of LIQUORS, consisting of Wines, Brandies, Rum and Whiskey, selected with care. Tobacco and Segars of various brands, with a variety of other articles usually found in Stores.

Additions to the stock will be frequently made, so as to keep up a general assortment; all dealers are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere. All kinds of grain and country produce bought for cash, or in exchange for goods.
April 8, 1859.-1y.

FRENCH BURR MILL STONE MANUFACTORY.

THE undersigned keeps constantly on hand FRENCH BURRS of all sizes, and furnishes every article required by the milling trade. Complete satisfaction guaranteed for every article sold. Millers who prefer the solid BURR, by giving 4 to 6 months notice, can have their orders executed at the quarries in France.

Address WM. H. KEPNER,
Harrisburg, P. O; Pa.
April 8, 1859.-6m.

MILNWOOD ACADEMY.

MALE AND FEMALE INSTITUTE.

Shade Gap, Huntingdon County, Pennsylvania.

W. H. WOODS, A. M., Proprietor and Principal.

Mrs. F. T. WOODS,
Principal of the Female Department.
J. ALFRED SHADE, M. D.,
Professor of Anatomy and Physiology.
ALBERT OWEN,
Lecturer on Art of Teaching & Phys. Geography.
Miss ANNA G. PATTON,
Teacher of Music, Drawing, Grecian and Italian Painting, and Fancy Needle Work.
DAVID M. BUTTS,
Teacher of the English Branches.
WM. M. WILLIAMSON,
Teacher of Mathematics.
Miss LIZZIE F. LYON,
Teacher in the Preparatory Department.
EPHRAIM BAKER,
Monitor

The next session of this Institution will open the first Wednesday of May. It holds out superior advantages to those seeking an education. The Board of Instruction is large, and composed of those who are thoroughly qualified for their profession. To parents and Guardians, who wish to place their children in a secure and healthy retreat, it holds out peculiar inducements. A NORMAL CLASS will be formed the present session, to which Mr. Owen, our worthy County Superintendent, will give lectures on the Art of Teaching and Physical Geography. In the COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT, young men will be thoroughly qualified for the Counting Room. TERMS, for session of five months, $55,00.—Light and fuel also. Lessons in Music, French, Drawing, Painting and Fancy Needle Work, extra.

For further particulars address W. H. WOODS.

N. B. By those desiring places, early application should be made.

April 8, 1859.-c

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of Sundry writs of Fi. Fa. and Vend Exponas to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday the 30th day of April, 1859 at 10 o'clock, A. M. the following described real estate to wit:

All Defendants', John King and Thomas King's right, title and interest, being the two undivided third parts thereof, in and to one tract of land, containing 237 acres, more or less, about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story mansion house, 13 tenant houses, store house, ware house, one iron forge, saw-mill, coal house, large new bank barn, 2 frame stables and other out-buildings thereon erected—also, an apple orchard thereon; adjoining lands of James Fink, Jacob Steel, John Gates, and others, known as the Bedford Forge property.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 206 acres, more or less, about 60 acres cleared and under fence, with a log house and log stable thereon erected; adjoining lands of Lucinda Piper and others, known as the John Mellnay tract.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 5 acres, more or less, with a log house thereon erected, on the waters of Yellow Creek; adjoining lands of Piper and Fink, George B. Kay's heirs and others, in the name of John King.

ALSO—One tract of unimproved land, containing 402 acres, more or less, adjoining the Bedford Forge and others, in the name of Stephen Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 404 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of Richard Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 404 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of Joseph Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 409 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, known in the name of Samuel Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 424 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of Alexander Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 413 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of John McIlnay.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 374 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of David Piper.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 385 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of Timothy Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 400 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of Israel Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 392 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of Zachariah Moan.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 421 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of John Boyd.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 429 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in name of William Davis.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 429 acres more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name Isabel Davis.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 441 acres more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of William Piper.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 477 acres more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of John Hardin.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 442 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of Ignatius Hardin.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 434 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of James Wilson.

ALSO—One tract of land in Woodcock valley—known as the Bender ore bank, containing 256 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Stephen Weimer and others.

ALSO—One tract of unimproved land containing 33 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, warranted in the name of Thomas and John King.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 420 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of John Cheney.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 428 acres more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of Maria Alberti.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 374 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of Hannah Alberti

ALSO—One tract of land containing 426 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of George F. Alberti.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 400 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of Peter Swope and John King.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 70 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of Casper Fluck; known as the Fluck ore bank.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 15 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, known as the Daughinbaugh improvement.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 100 acres, more or less, adjoining Martin Hoover on the west and others, being a part of the Dyke's tract.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 100 acres, more or less, adjoining Martin Hoover on the east and others, being a part of the Dyke's tract; and all the above described lands situate in Hopewell township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of John King and Thomas King.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 80 acres, more or less, about 8 acres cleared and under fence, adjoining lands of William A. Mock, Anthony Mock and others.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 7 acres, more or less, all cleared and under fence, with a frame dwelling house, barn, stable saw-mill and other out buildings thereon erected, adjoining lands of John Allison, John Mock and others, all situate Union Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Daniel M. Griffith.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 40 acres, more or less, about all cleared and under fence, with a two story log house and log stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of James Price, Henry Gates and others, situate in Hopewell Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Thomas King.

ALSO—All Def't Thomas King's right, title and interest, in and to three tracts of unimproved coal lands, one thereof containing 427 acres, more or less, in the name of Mary Montgomery, adjoining lands of John Cessna, Esq., John Ford and others.

ALSO—One other thereof, containing 463 acres more or less, in the name of Margaret Montgomery, adjoining the above described tract and others.

ALSO—One other thereof, containing 431 acres, more or less, in the name of John Montgomery, adjoining the above described tract and others, all situate in Broadtop Township, Bedford County.

ALSO one other tract of land containing 71 acres and 62 perches, Situate on Sandy Run, in Broadtop Township, Bedford County, adjoining lands of the Hopewell Coal and Iron Company, James Patten, and John Cessna, being part of a larger survey made on a warrant to Mordecai Williams, dated August 14th 1790, and taken in execution as the property of Thomas King.

ALSO, all Def't John King's right, title and interest, in and to two tracts of unimproved coal lands, one thereof containing 427 acres, more or less, in the name of Mary Montgomery, adjoining lands of John Cessna, Esq., John Ford and others.

ALSO, one other thereof, containing 431 acres, more or less, in the name of John Montgomery, adjoining the above described tract and others, all situate in Broadtop Township, Bedford County.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 374 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of Maria Alberti.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 426 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of George F. Alberti.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 400 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of Peter Swope and John King.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 70 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others, in the name of Casper Fluck; known as the Fluck ore bank.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 15 acres, more or less, adjoining the above and others—known as the Daughinbaugh improvement.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 100 acres, more or less, adjoining Martin Hoover on the west and others, being a part of the Dyke's tract.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 100 acres, more or less, adjoining Martin Hoover on the east and others, being a part of the Dyke's tract, and all the above described lands situate in Hopewell township, Bedford county, seized and taken in execution as the property of Henry S. King.

ALSO, All Def't Henry S. King's right, title and interest, in and to three tracts of unimproved coal lands, one thereof containing 427 acres, more or less, in the name of Mary Montgomery, adjoining lands of John Cessna, Esq., John Ford and others.

ALSO, one other thereof containing 431 acres, more or less, in the name of John Montgomery, adjoining the above described tract and others, all situate in Broadtop Township, Bedford County.

ALSO, one other tract of land containing 71 acres and 62 perches, situate on Sandy Run, in Broadtop Township, Bedford County, adjoining lands of the Hopewell Coal and Iron Company, James Patten, and John Cessna, being part of a larger survey made on a warrant to Mordecai Williams, dated August 14th 1790, and taken in execution as the property of Henry S. King.

ALSO, one tract of land, situate in South Woodberry Township, Bedford County, containing one hundred and twenty six acres, more less, about five acres cleared and under fence, and the balance well timbered, adjoining lands of John Furrey, Dan'l Brumbaugh and others, and being part of tract of land, surveyed on a warrant in the name of William Montgomery, and known as the John Moore tract, and taken in execution as the property of Henry S. King.

ALSO, two lots of ground in the town of Clearville, fronting 120 feet on main street and extending back 173 feet to an alley, with a two story log dwelling house thereon erected, adjoining lot of Rev. Thomas Heyden, on the East, and an alley on the West, situate in Monroe Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Matthew Murray and Sarah Ann Murray.

ALSO, one lot of ground in Water Street, fronting 52 feet on the turnpike road and extending back about 400 feet, with an Earthen and Stone ware Pottery thereon erected, adjoining Mrs. Susan Potter and others.

ALSO, all Def't's right title and interest in and to one other lot fronting 60 feet on the turnpike and extending back about 400 feet with a frame dwelling house, cabinet shop, frame stable and other out buildings, thereon erected, adjoining the above described lot, Dan'l Bare and others, situate in South Woodberry Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Wm. G. Eicholtz.

ALSO, one tract of land containing 76 acres, more or less, about 30 acres cleared and under fence, with a story and a half log house and log stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of Henry Mock, Moses McIlvane, Joseph Corle and others, situate in Union Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Thomas Lingenfelter.

ALSO, one tract of land containing 160 acres, more or less, 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling house and double log barn thereon erected, adjoining lands of Michael Miller, John S. Hetrick and others.

ALSO, one tract of land containing 3 acres, more or less, unimproved, adjoining lands of Moses F. Marshall and Joseph W. Sleek, all situate in St. Clair Township, Bedford County.

ALSO, one tract of land containing 56 acres, more or less, about 15 acres clearedand under fence, with a two story stone dwelling house, log grist mill, saw mill, tenant house and other out buildings thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Widow Reininger, Joseph W. Sleek and others.

ALSO, one tract of unimproved land containing 30 acres, more or less adjoining lands of William Pearose, George Owe and others, all situate in St Clair Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Daniel W. Crisman.

ALSO, all the Defendants interest in and to a certain tract of land situate on six mile run, in the Township of Broadtop, adjoining, lands of Duval, Williams, Anderson, Wilson and others, containing one hundred and five acres, more or less being part of a larger tract of land surveyed in the name of R Foster.

ALSO, one other tract of land surveyed in the name of Septimus Foster, containing 18 acres and 30 perches, with the rights and privileges thereunto belonging, and situate in Broadtop Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of William H. Irvine and Abraham Rothrock.

ALSO, by virtue of a writ of Alias Levari Facias to me directed, there will be sold at the same time and place, all the defendants, interest in and to a certain tract of land, situate in Broadtop township, Bedford County, bounded by lands formerly owned by Joseph Evans, Josiah Horton and James Cunningham & Co. containing 106¼ acres, more or less, and allowance of six per cent. with the appurtenances being the same tract of land known formerly as the Abner Horton tract, taken in execution as the property of William Patton.

WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

April 8, 1859

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have this day associated themselves, and will continue the business at the *old Stand, No. 1, cheap side*, under the firm of OSTER & CARN.

G. R. OSTER,
SAMUEL CARN.

To our patrons—thanking you for the liberal share of your patronage and confidence bestowed on the late firm, we would respectfully solicit a continuance of your custom, assuring you that we will always use our best efforts to ensure both your custom and confidence. We expect in a few weeks to receive a magnificent Stock of

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

which we are determined to *sell* at the very lowest possible PRICES for CASH, or approved produce. So get your tin ready, and "wait for the wagon."

Bedford, April 8, 1859.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Honorable FRANCIS M. KIMMELL, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the counties composing the 16th Judicial District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of capital and other offenders in the said District—and A. J. SNIVELY and JOHN G. HARTLEY, Esquires, Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Justices of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the county of Bedford—have issued their precept and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer at Bedford, on MONDAY the 2d day of May, next. NOTICE is hereby given to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said county of Bedford, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, and inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of Bedford county, to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

WILLIAM S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bedford, April 8, 1859.

PURE WHITE LEAD, Flaxseed oil and Spirits Turpentine at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

August 6, 1858.

NOTICE.

THE following named persons have filed petitions for license in the office of the Clerk of Quarter Sessions, of Bedford County, to be presented to said Court, on Tuesday, the 3d day of May, next, to wit:

Mrs. Mary Cook,	Bedford Borough,	Tavern.
John Hafer,	"	"
V. Steckman,	"	"
Jonathan Horton,	"	"
John G. Minnick,	"	Eating House.
A. G. Allen,	Bedford Tp.	Tavern.
Jacob B. Anderson,	Cump. Valley,	"
Jacob Snider,	"	"
Andrew J. Pennel,	Colerain,	"
Joshua Fuller,	"	"
Joseph Fuller,	Juniata,	"
Peter Kinsey,	"	"
Martin Feichtner,	Harrison,	"
Catharine Tricker,	Liberty,	"
J. A. Raun,	"	"
James Burns,	Londonderry,	"
Jonathan Feichtner,	"	"
Andrew Adams,	Monroe,	"
George Stuckey,	Napier,	"
George W. Gump,	"	"
D. A. T. Black,	E. Providence,	"
Joseph Fisher,	West "	"
John A. Gump,	" "	"
Henry C. Lashley,	Southampton,	"
Bernard O'Neal,	"	"
Peter Amick,	St. Clair,	"
David Sleek,	"	"
George M. Colvin,	Schellsburg Bor.,	"
John Robison,	"	"
Thomas C. Reighart	Union,	"
Michael Weyand,	"	"
Henry Fluke,	Middle Woodberry,	"
Wm. Pearson,	"	"
Jas. L. Prince,	South "	"
Frederick C. Mock,	St. Clair,	"
George Megraw,	East Providence,	"
James S. Beckwith	Broad Top,	"
George W. Figart,	"	"
John Foster,	"	Eating House.
Jacob Bollinger,	Bedford Bor.	"
Richard Sill,	Harrison,	Tavern.
Johnson Hafer,	Bedford tp.	"
Major James Burns,	Juniata,	"
Mrs. Eliza Ritz,	Clearville,	"
John Dasher,	Hopewell.	"
James Eichelberger,	Broadtop,	Eating House.
Samuel Miller,	Juniata,	Tavern.
John Todd,	Bedford tp.	"

S. H. TATE, *Clerk.*

Clerk's Office, Bedford, April 8, 1859.

A LIST OF RETAILERS

OF Foreign and Domestic goods, wares and Merchandise of Bedford County, for the year 1859.

Bedford Borough.

	Class	License.
Oster, Manspeaker & Carn,	13	10 00
A. B. Cramer & Co.,	13	10 00
Nicholas Lyons,	14	7 00
Reed & Minnich,	13	10 00
John Alsip,	14	7 00
Miss M. Fetterly.	14	7 00
Samuel Shuck & Co.,	14	7 00
Robert Fyan,	14	7 00
Jas & J. M. Shoemaker,	14	7 00
Sarah E. Potts,	14	7 00
Isaac Lipple,	14	7 00
Colin Loyer,	14	7 00
Agnes Saupp,	14	7 00
John Arnold,	14	7 00
Wm. Hartley,	14	7 00
George Blymire,	14	7 00
Dr. B. F. Harry,	14	7 00
Dr. F. C. Reamer & Co.,	14	7 00
Ad Ferguson & Co.,	14	7 00
A. L. Deilbaugh E. H.	8	5 00
Jacob Bollinger E. H.	8	5 00

Bedford Township.

John B. Furney,	14	7 00
John S. Ritchey Distillery,	4	15 00

Broadtop Township.

John F. Lowry,	14	7 00

Coleram Township.

A. C. James,	14	7 00
N. C. Evans,	14	7 00
J. & J. M. Shoemaker,	14	7 00

Cumberland Valley Township.

Jacob Anderson,	14	7 00
John May Jr.,	14	7 00
David R. Anderson,	14	7 00
Thomas Grouden,	14	7 00

East Providence Township.

John Nycum,	14	7 00
D. A. T. Black,	14	7 00

Hopewell Township.

Henry S. King,	14	7 00

Harrison Township.

Valentine B. Wertz,	14	7 00
John W. Smith,	14	7 00

Juniata Township.

Wm. Keyser,	14	7 00
Hillegas & Mowery,	14	7 00
Lewis N. Fyan,	14	7 00

Liberty Township.

Lewis Putt,	14	7 00
John Cypher,	14	7 00
Stigel & Entriken,	14	7 00
Jacob Fockler,	14	7 00

Londonderry Township.

Jacob Devore Jr.,	14	7 00
Thomas J. Porter,	14	7 00

Monroe Township.

Daniel Fletcher,	14	7 00
James R. O'Neal,	14	7 00

Napier Township.

John Wayde,	14	7 00
Peter Hillegas Distillery,	4	25 00

West Providence Township.

Jacob Barndollar & Co.,	13	10 00
James M. Barndollar & Son,	13	10 00
Thomas Ritchey,	14	7 00

Snake Spring Township.

Nicholas Koontz,	14	7 00

Schellsburg Borough.

B. F. Horn & Brother,	14	7 00
A. Bunn,	14	7 00
E. Statler & Son,	14	7 00
Colvin & Robison,	14	7 00
John S. Schell,	14	7 00
A. J. Snively,	14	7 00
John Smith,	14	7 00
Miller & Blackburn,	14	7 00
Duncan McVicker,	14	7 00

St. Clair Township.

F. D. Beegle,	14	7 00
G. B. Amick,	14	7 00
George Hinesling,	14	7 00
G. D. Trout,	14	7 00
John H. Schell,	14	7 00

Southampton Township.

Kirk & Fletcher,	14	7 00
Henry C. Lashley,	14	7 00

Union Township.

John Walter,	14	7 00

Middle Woodberry Township.

Jacob Brenneman,	14	7 00
C. W. Ricketson,	14	7 00
G. R. Barndollar,	14	7 00
Abraham Beckhoefer,	14	7 00

South Woodberry Township.

Piper & Scott,	14	7 00
S. R. Oster,	14	7 00
George Kauffman,	14	7 00
D. F. Buck,	14	7 00
D. Beegle,	14	7 00

Notice is hereby given that an appeal will be held at the Commissioners office, in Bedford on Saturday the 7th day of May next.

LEVI AGNEW,
Appraiser of Mercantile Taxes, for the year 1859.
April 1, 1859.

AN excellent article of Hair and tooth Brushes at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

August 6, 1858.

Annette Gondon vs. Joseph Gondon.	Fi. Fa. No. 91, February Term, 1859—In the Common Pleas of Bedford County.

February 18, 1859—The petition of Sheriff Fluke was read and filed, setting forth, that on the above writ, the Sheriff returns a sale of an interest in realty for the sum of $115,00, that a dispute is likely to arise in the distribution of the money, and praying the Court to appoint an auditor to distribute the same, whereupon, on motion of Mr. Shannon, G. W. Benford, Esq. appointed auditor to make a distribution of said money upon usual notice.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of said Court, at Bedford, the 22d day of February, A. D., 1859.

SAM'L H. TATE, Prothonotary.

NOTICE.—I will attend to the duties of the above appointment, at my office in Bedford, on Wednesday, the 21st day of April, inst., where all persons interested can attend.

GEO. W. BENFORD,
April 8, 1859. Auditor.

Dr. John Compher, vs. Ellen Compher.	No. 25, February Term, 1859. in the Common Pleas of Bedford County.

Alias Subpoena on Libel for Divorce.

Notice is hereby given to the Defendant in the above stated case that a Subpoena, and alias Subpoena on Libel for Divorce has been issued; the last of said writs is returnable, 2d Monday, 14th day of February, next, and that the said Defendant is required to appear on or before the 1st Monday (2d day) of May, next, and answer to the complaint of the Plaintiff as provided for by act of Assembly, and herein fail not.

WM. S. FLUKE, *Sheriff.*

April 8, 1859.

Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court to state an account of the Guardianship of Robert Graham, who was the Guardian of George Robb, will attend for that purpose at his office, in Bedford, on Thursday, the 21st of April, inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all persons interested may attend. JNO. MOWER,

April 8, 1859. *Auditor.*

CANCER CURED.

WITHOUT SURGICAL OPERATIONS OR LOSS OF BLOOD.

Cancers, Tumors, Wens, Scrofula, Ulcers, &c., cured in a short time, without the knife, by

Dr. MACNICHOL,
(Colleague of the late Dr. Lounsberry, Dec'd.)
No. 50, North FIFTH Street, below Arch, Phila.

The remarkable success which has attended the treatment of Cancers, Tumors, &c., by *Dr. MacNichol*, for a number of years past, has attracted the attention, and in many instances has secured the hearty approval of many eminent Physicians in Philadelphia, who are no longer willing to risk the dangers and uncertainties of *cutting*.

Cancer can be Cured!—if properly treated and promptly. A great majority of the cases of Cancer, can be effectually cured. The numerous patients, from every section of the country, who have been cured under this method of treatment is a guarantee of its superiority over every other known system.

Those who may be afflicted with these diseases, and desire further information or advice, will please address *Dr. MacNichol*, when they will receive prompt attention and a Copy of Pamphlet, on the treatment of Cancers—free of charge.

White Swelling, Hip Disease, Scrofulous and Malignant Ulcers, Diseases of the *Mouth* and *Throat*, Ulcerations of the *Bones*, TETTER, SCALD HEAD, and all diseases of the *Skin*, permanently cured, and proper remedies sent—carefully packed—by Express to any part of the country.

In every case a plain description of the disease is required. Address, DR. MACNICHOL, No. 50 North 5th, St., PHILAD'A. Proprietor and Manufacturer of Dr. Lounsberry & Co's Celebrated *Imperial Depurative*, the best and most reliable Family Medicine of the Nineteenth Century, for the cure of all diseases originating in Impurities of the Blood.

Jan. 28, 1859.-3m.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

ALL persons interested, are hereby notified, that the following named accountants have filed their accounts in the Register's Office of Bedford County, and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, in and for said County, for confirmation, on Tuesday the 3d day of May, next at the Court House, in Bedford:

The account of Jeremiah Shaw and Moses Shaw, ex'ors of the last will &c., of James Shaw, late of Monroe township dec'd.

The account of Philip Evans, guardian of Margaret Elizabeth Evans, minor child of William Evans, late of Monroe tp.

The account of Jesse Willis, ex'or of the last will, &c., of Jesse Willis, late of St. Clair tp., dec'd.

The account of Wm. Figart, adm'r of the estate of Michael Putt, late of Liberty tp., dec'd.

The account of Wm. Iams, administrator of the estate of Wm. Iams, late of Southampton tp., dec'd.

The account of O. E. Shannon, Esq., adm'r of the estate of Daniel Shea, late of Cumberland Valley tp., dec'd.

The account of Jacob G. Dively, adm'r of the estate of Frederick Claar, late of Union tp., dec'd.

The supplemental account of Charles Hoyman, one of the adm'rs of the estate of Samuel Hoyman, late of Londonderry tp., dec'd.

The account of O. E. Shannon, Esq., adm'r of the estate of Philip Ickes, late of St. Clair tp., dec'd.

The account of Samuel L. Russell, Esq., adm'r of the estate of Wm. Hotchkiss, late of Ohio, dec'd.

The account of Asa Stuckey, Esq., adm'r of the estate of Wm. Stucky, Jr., late of Monroe tp., dec'd.

The account of Alexander Heisinger, adm'r of the estate of George Replogle, late of Middle Woodberry tp., dec'd.

The account of R. D. Barclay, Esq., adm'r of the estate of Michael Devine, late of Baltimore, Md., dec'd.

The account of Archibald Perdew, Esq., adm'r of the estate of Wm. Leasure, late of Southampton tp., dec'd.

The account of Amariah Wilson, ex'or of the last will, &c. of John Wilson, late of Napier tp., dec'd.

The account of E. J. Diehl, adm'r of Sophia Mower, late of Colerain tp., dec'd.

The account of Uriah Conley, adm'r of the estate of Allen Conley, late of Napier tp., dec'd.

The account of John S. Ritchey and Daniel Dibert, ex'ors of the last will &c. of Samuel Zimmers, late of Bedford tp., dec'd.

The account of David F. Buck, administrator of Frederick Smith, late of South Woodberry township, dec'd.

S. H. TATE, *Register.*

Register's Office, Bedford, April 8, 1859.

I. O. OF O. F.

THE Right Worthy Grand Lodge of the U. S. having appointed Tuesday, the 26th day of April, inst., (being the Fortieth Anniversary of the founding of the American branch of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows,) to be observed by all the Grand and Working Lodges in the United States as "a day of thanksgiving to Divine Providence for the unexampled prosperity which has attended the order since its organization on this Continent," and the Right Worthy Grand Lodge of Penna., having granted a dispensation to all the subordinate Lodges under its jurisdiction, to celebrate the day as (in accordance with the laws of the order) they may deem best; Bedford Lodge, No. 202, contemplate holding on that day a procession in full regalia. Public exercises will be held in the M. E. Church at 10½ o'clock, A. M., when addresses suitable to the occasion will be delivered. The public are respectfully invited to attend. Neighboring Lodges are expected to participate in the exercises. A full attendance of the members is requested.

A. FERGUSON,
T. R. GETTYS, Jr.,
A. J. SANSOM,
Committee of Arrangements.

April 8, 1859.

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR,

PREPARED BY DR. SANFORD.

Compounded entirely from GUMS,

IS ONE OF THE BEST PURGATIVE AND LIVER MEDICINES now before the public, that acts as a *Cathartic*, earlier, milder, and more effectual than any other medicine known. It is not only a *Cathartic*, but a *Liver* remedy, acting first on the *Liver* to eject its morbid matter, then on the stomach and bowels to carry off that matter, thus accomplishing two purposes effectually, without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most *Cathartics*. It strengthens the system at the same time that it purges it; and when taken daily in moderate doses, will strengthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

The Liver is one of the principal regulators of the human body, and when it performs its functions well the powers of the system are fully developed. The *stomach* is almost entirely dependent on the healthy action of the Liver for the proper performance of its functions. When the stomach is at fault, the bowels are at fault, and the whole system suffers in consequence of one organ—the *Liver*—having ceased to do its duty. For the disease of that organ, one of the proprietors has made it his study, in a practice of more than twenty years, to find some remedy wherewith to counteract the many derangements to which it is liable.

To prove that this remedy is at last found, any person troubled in any of its forms, has but to try a bottle, and conviction is certain.

These gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach, causing food to digest well, purifying the blood, giving tone and health to the weak machinery, removing the causes of the disease, and effecting a radical cure.

Bilious attacks are cured, and, what is better, prevented by the occasional use of the Liver Invigorator.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the food from rising and souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring prevents nightmare.

Only one dose taken at night loosens the bowels gently, and cures costiveness.

One dose taken after each meal will cure Dyspepsia.

☞One dose of two tea-spoonsful will always relieve Sick Headache.

One bottle taken for female obstruction removes the cause of the disease, and makes a perfect cure.

Only one dose immediately relieves Cholic, while

One dose often repeated is a sure cure for Cholera Morbus, and a preventive of Cholera.

One dose taken often will prevent the recurrence of bilious attacks, while it relieves all painful feelings.

☞Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after long sickness.

One bottle taken for Jaundice removes all yellowness or unnatural color from the skin.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite and makes food digest well.

One dose often repeated cures Chronic Diarrhœa in its worst forms, while summer and bowel complaints yield almost to the first dose.

One or two doses cures attacks caused by worms, while for worms in children, there is no safer or speedier remedy in the world, as it *never fails*.

A few bottles cures Dropsy, by exciting the absorbents.

We take pleasure in recommending this medicine as a preventive for Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, and all Fevers of a Bilious Type. It operates with certainty, and thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues.

All who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor. ☞Mix Water in the Mouth with the Invigorator, and swallow both together.

The Liver Invigorator

Is a great scientific Medical Discovery, and is daily working cures almost too great to believe. It cures as it by magic, *even the first dose giving benefit* and seldom more than one bottle is required to cure any kind of *Liver* Complaint, from the worst Jaundice or dyspepsia to a common headache, all of which are the result of a *Diseased Liver*.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

DR. SANFORD, Proprietor, 345 Broadway, N. Y.

Sold in Bedford by DR. B. F. HARRY, and retailed by all Druggists.

June 11, 1858.-zz.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR.

MORE THAN 500,000 BOTTLES SOLD IN THE

NEW ENGLAND STATES IN ONE YEAR.

THE RESTORATIVE OF PRO. O. J. WOOD for restoring hair perfectly and permanently, has never yet had a rival, volume after volume might be given from all parts of the world and from the most intelligent to prove that *it is a perfect Restorative*; but read the circular and you cannot doubt; read also the following.

☞THE HAIR.—People have for centuries been afflicted with bald heads and the only remedy, heretofore known, has been those abominable wigs. By a recent discovery of Professor Wood these articles are being fast dispensed with, but a great many persons still patronize them, because they have been so often imposed upon by Hair Tonics of different kinds. To all such persons we earnestly make the request, that they will try once again, for in Wood's Restorative there is no such thing as fail. We know of a lady who was bald, who used the article a short time, and her head is now covered completely with the tiniest and most beautiful curls imaginable. We know of numerous cases where hair was rapidly falling out, which it restored in greater perfection than it ever had been before.

It is also without doubt one of the best articles for keeping the hair in good condition, making it soft and glossy, removing dandruff and has proved itself the greatest enemy to all the ills that hair is heir to.

It is the duty of every one to improve their personal appearance through some may differ in regard to the ways of doing it; but every one will admit that a beautiful head of hair, either in man or woman, is an object much to be desired, and there are no means that should be left untried to obtain such a consideration.—*Woman's Advocate, Philadelphia.*

PROF. O. J. WOOD & CO—Gents: As I have been engaged in selling your Hair Restorative the last season for one of your local agents (R. M. Hackinson,) and having experienced the beneficial effects of it myself, I would like to obtain agency for the State of Ohio or some State in the West, should you wish to make such an arrangement, as I am convinced *there is nothing equal to it in the United States, for restoring the hair.* I have been engaged in the Drug business for several years, and have sold various preparations for the hair, but have found nothing that restores the secretive organs or invigorates the scalp as well as yours, being fully convinced that your restorative is what you represent it to be, I would like to engage in the sale of it, for I am satisfied it must sell.

Yours truly,
S. T. STOCKMAN.

PROF. O. J. WOOD & Co—Gents: Having realized the good effects of your Hair Restorative, I wish to state, that finding my hair growing thin, as well as gray, I was induced from what I read and heard, to try the article prepared by you, to promote its growth and change its color as it was in youth, both of which it has effected completely.—In the operation I have used nearly three bottles.—Yours &c., JAMES FRANCIS.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors 312 Broadway, New York, (in the great N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment,) and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

For sale by Dr. B. F. Harry.
And sold by all good Druggists.
Jan. 14, 1859.

BLANKS! BLANKS!!

BLANK Exemption Judgment Notes, Executions, Summons, Subpœnas, Constable Sales, &c., for sale at this office.

PERMANENT OFFICE.

Complying with the urgent request of hundreds of their patients,

Drs. C. M. Fitch and J. W. Sykes

HAVE CONCLUDED TO REMAIN

PERMANENTLY IN PITTSBURGH,

And may be consulted at their office,

NO. 190 PENN STREET,

Opposite St. Clair Hotel PITTSBURGH.

AND may be consulted daily, (except Sundays,) for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, and all other CHRONIC COMPLAINTS complicated with or causing pulmonary disease, including Catarrh, Heart Disease, Affection of the Liver, Dyspepsia, Gastritis, Female Complaints, etc.

DRS. FITCH & SYKES would state that their treatment of consumption is based upon the fact that the disease exists in the blood and system at large, both before and during its development in the lungs, and they therefore employ Mechanical, Hygienic and Medicinal remedies to purify the blood and strengthen the system. With these they use MEDICAL INHALATIONS, which they value highly, but only as Palliatives, (having no curative effect when used alone,) and invalids are earnestly cautioned against wasting the precious time of curability upon any treatment based upon the plausible, but false idea that the "seat of disease can be reached in a direct manner by Inhalation." For as before stated, the seat of the disease is in the blood and its effects only in the lungs.

☞No charge for consultation.

A list of questions will be sent to those wishing to consult us by letter.

March 18, 1859.–1y

OUR MUSICAL FRIEND:

TWELVE PAGES OF POPULAR MUSIC FOR TEN CENTS.

"OUR MUSICAL FRIEND" is filled with the best Piano Solos, Duets, Songs, Operatic Arias, Polkas, Mazurkas, Quadrills, Waltzes, and every other species of musical composition for Voice and Piano by the best American and European Composers; printed on full-sized music paper, adapted to every grade of performer.

The same quantity of music, procured from the regular publishers would cost more than ten times what we charge.

A year's subscription to 'OUR MUSICAL FRIEND,' will secure new and fashionable music worth at least Two HUNDRED DOLLARS, and entirely sufficient for the home circle.

PRICE TEN CENTS, WEEKLY.

Yearly, $5; Half Yearly, $2,50; Quarterly, $1,25 cents. The Volume commenced on the 1st December, 1858.

C. B SEYMOUR & CO., PROPRIETORS.

13, Frankfort street, NEW YORK.

March 4, 1859.–1m

GEORGE P. ABBEY. JOHN A. NEFF.

ABBEY & NEFF.

No. 308 North THIRD Street, (*three doors above Vine,*) PHILADELPHIA.

THE OLD HARDWARE STAND.

(ESTABLISHED TWENTY FOUR YEARS.)

Every description of *Building, Mechanical, Farming and Household HARDWARE*, is now in Store, and will be offered at the lowest market prices, to *Cash* and prompt *Six months buyers*. Nails at Manufacturers prices for Cash.

Orders from new customers will receive strict and accurate attention, and all goods sent from this house will be as represented.

☞*Country Merchants*, on their next visit to our city to make their Spring purchases are cordially invited to call and examine our Stock and Prices before Purchasing.

March 25, 1859.–3m

GUARDIAN'S SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Bedford County, the subscriber will sell at Public Sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday the 23d of April next, that certain lot of ground late the property of Philip Weisel, dec'd, situate in the corner of John Street and "Watsons addition" containing 77 feet in front on John street and running with the public road 200 feet to an alley.

TERMS: 1–3 to remain in the lot for the use of the widow, one half the balance at the confirmation of the sale and the residue in one year without interest to be secured by Judgment bonds or bonds and mortgage. Possession given immediately.

ABRAHAM WEISEL,

March 25, 1859.–d Guardian.

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary having been issued to the undersigned, by the Register of Bedford County, on the last will and Testament of Daniel Bussard, late of West Providence Township, dec'd. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same are notified to present them duly authenticated for settlement. JOHN SPARKS,

March 25, 1859. Exor.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Eliel Allen, late of Napier Township, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

B. H. WALKER, Adm'r.

March 25, 1859. St. Clair tp.

Executor's Notice.

LETTERS testamentary on the last will and testament of Emanuel Bassler late of Middle Woodbury Township, Bedford County, dec'd., having been granted to the subscribers residing in said Township, notice is therefore given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment to them immediately, and those having claims will present them forthwith, duly authenticated for settlement.

SAMUEL BASSLER,
DAVID BOYER,

March 25, 1859 Exors.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Catharine Thomas, dec'd. All persons having claims against the same are requested to present them for settlement, and all persons indebted, are requested to make immediate payment. JOHN McCREARY,

Juniata tp., March 11, '59. Adm'r.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE Partnership heretofore existing and doing business under the firm name of Barclay & Garretson, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The Books, &c., are in the hands of B. W. Garretson, who is authorized to settle the business of the late firm.

S. M. BARCLAY,

Nov. 5, 1858. B. W. GARRETSON.

ST. CLAIR TOWNSHIP

AGAINST THE WORLD FOR GOOD EARTHENWARE!—Liberal inducements made to wholesale purchasers. All orders addressed to Schellsburg, Bedford County, Pa., punctually attended to.

April 8, 1859.–3m. WM. KIRK.

J. & J. M. SHOEMAKER have just received a new supply of Coffee, Sugar, Syrup Molasses, Fish, Broomi, Teas, Indigo, Hummel's Essence Coffee Spices, &c., which will be sold cheap.

March 4, 1859.

A NEW Supply of Muslins, Calicoes, Ginghams, Drillings, Satinetts, Casimeres, Cotton, &c., just received and for sale cheap at J. & J. M. Shoemaker's Colonade Store.

March 4, 1859.

DRUGS AND BOOKS.

DR. F. C. REAMER & S. J. WAY,

HAVING formed a partnership, in the DRUG and BOOK BUSINESS, will constantly keep on hand, at the old stand, a large and well selected stock of choice

Drugs and Medicines, wholesale and retail, all of which will be sold on fair terms. The assortment consists in part of

Drugs and Chemicals, Dye Woods and Acids, Paints and Oils, Window Glass and Glass Ware, Tobacco and Segars, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c., &c.

PATENT MEDICINES.—Having the regular agency for the sale of many of these medicines, the public are assured that they are of the best; such as have stood the test of time and experience, and can be safely recommended as genuine, viz: Townsend's and Sand's Sarsaparilla. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Moffat's Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters, Dr. Jayne's Family Medicines, Fahnstock's, Hobensack's and other vermifuge; Hoofland's German, Bitters, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand a large stock of historics geographical, scientific, religious, poetical, school and miscellaneous BOOKS.

Also a great variety of FANCY STATIONERY, Cap, Post and Wrapping Paper, of every quality, Paper Hangings in great variety. Window Blinds, in patterns or by the piece. Wall Paper, Steel and Fancy Goods.

BLANK BOOKS of every size and quality.—Pocket Books and Port Monnaies, Diaries, Blank Deeds and Mortgages, gold Pens and Pencils, Combs, Brushes, Perfumery in great variety, Soaps, &c., &c.

Lamps, and Camphine Oil and Burning Fluid, kept constantly on hand.

CHOICE LIQUORS for medical use; Wolffs' Scheidam Schnapps, Gin, Port, Sherry and Madeira Wines.

Jan. 28, 1859.

NYCUM'S IMPROVED CAST-IRON CARRIAGE HUB.

THE undersigned believes that he has invented a cast iron carriage hub which far excels all others now in use, for strength, neatness and durability, and that it only needs to be examined, and its merits tested, to secure its universal approval and adoption. Indeed it is no longer an experiment, it having been effectually tried by the best judges in our country, and pronounced one of the

Greatest Improvements of the Age!

Several vehicles have been in use over two years with the Improved Hub attached, and the wheels are still as perfect as when they left the shop, the unavoidable wear excepted.

This is the only Cast Iron Hub ever invented suitable for light wheels.

This improvement is of such a nature that one or more spokes may be taken out changed or replaced without disturbing the other portion of the wheel Where a wood hub is used, if a spoke happens to become broken, it is necessary to cut the tire and separate the fellows, to get at the damaged part.—The wheel must be then recomposed, the tire rewelded and reset. All this involves a considerable expense and loss of time.

In the present Improvement the inner ends of the spokes are secured in an Iron Hub, which consists mainly of two shells fastened together with screws. By simply unscrewing the nuts and taking off the back shell, any one of the spokes may be removed or changed, and the hub again put together, leaving the wheel as solid and firm as ever, all

WITHIN THE SPACE OF A FEW MINUTES.

This method of constructing Iron Hub Wheels gives them unusual strength,

LIGHTNESS AND NEATNESS,

besides obviating several other objections that have heretofore attended their use. The cost of manufacture is also greatly reduced.

The subscriber Agent for Bedford County, will dispose of Township and shop rights, on reasonable terms. WILLIAM O'NEAL Agent.

Feb. 18, 1859. Rainsburg, Bedford Co., Pa.

Reuben Gates } No. 26, February Term, 1859, In
vs. } the Common Pleas of Bedford
Mary C. Gates, } County.

Alias Subpœna on Libel for Divorce.

Notice is hereby given to the Defendant, in the above stated case, that a Subpœna, and alias Subpœna on libel for Divorce, has been issued; the last of said writs is returnable 2d Monday, 14th day of February, next, and that the said Defendant is required to appear on or before the 1st Monday, (2d day) of May, next, and answer the complaint of the Plaintiff, as provided for by act of Assembly and herein fail not.

WM. S. FLUKE, *Sheriff.*

April 8, 1859.

ALLEGHENY MALE AND FEMALE SEMINARY,

Rainsburg, Pa.

THE Summer Term will open August 5th, Fall Term, October 21st, 1858, and Winter Term, January 18th, and Spring Term, April 5th, 1859. Circulars, with full particulars, may be had of

W. W. BRIM, A. B., *Principal.*

N. B. Half the tuition must be paid in *Advance*. Students coming to this institution will be conveyed from Bedford free of charge, on the 17th of January, by addressing a letter to Mr. Saml. Williams, of Rainsburg.

June 4, 1858.–zz.

MUSIC & MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.—Pianos, Melodeons, Flutes, Guitars, Brass Horns, Clarionets, Drums, etc., of various manufacture, always on hand. *Bands supplied at city wholesale rates.* We keep always on hand a full assortment of all the new and fashionable music, which we mail *at our expense* to any part of the country.

N. B. Music arranged to order.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,
Chambersburg.

March 7, 1857.

Hummel's Premium Essence of Coffee.

COFFEE made by it will have a more delicate and finer flavor, and will be much more wholesome. It will also be clear without requiring anything to clarify it. For sale by

OSTER. & CARN.

New Store, No. 1, Cheapside.

June 18, 1858.

LAST NOTICE.

I am determined that unless all persons indebted to me on account, note or otherwise, do not make immediate payment, that their accounts, &c., will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection after the 15th day of March, 1859. This is positively the last notice.

Feb. 25, 1859. G. W. RUPP.

JOB MANN, G. H. SPANG.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have associated themselves in the Pratice of the Law, and will promptly attend to al business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of Mengel oHuse and opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.

MANN & SPANG

June 4,—1854. tf.

DR. B. F. HARRY

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt-Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. J. H. Hoffus.

Nov. 6, 1857.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

THE FOLLOWING LANDS IN THE WEST:

80 ACRES in Brown County, Kansas, 3 miles west of Hiawatha, on the old St. Jo. road, and 18 miles from White Cloud on the Missouri River.—ALSO 80 ACRES, 15 miles west of Atchison, Kansas. These are fine rolling prairie lands within less than a mile of timber and running water. ALSO 320 ACRES, well timbered and watered, in St. Francis County, Missouri. ALSO 40 ACRES well timbered, in Grant County, Indiana.

And the following lands in Bedford County:

ABOUT 50 ACRES, well timbered, in Cumberland Valley Township, 9 miles from Bedford, near to John McFerrans. ALSO 428 ACRES timbered land, 2 miles south of Rainsburg on the road to Southampton. ALSO 430 acres, timber-land, in Union Township, on Bobbs Creek, abont 2 miles above Conrad's Saw-Mill. ALSO five-twelfths of a tract containing 265 acres and 148 perches of Broadtop coal land. ALSO 110 ACRES of first quality lime stone land a half a mile south of Bedford, known as the Vondersmith Farm, 100 acres cleared, a never failing spring of excellent water, a tolerable barn, and small frame house.

For the present I may be found at Mrs. Cook's Hotel. WM. M. HALL.

Jan. 7, 1859.

BEDFORD HIGH SCHOOL.

THIS SCHOOL will open on Monday the 21st of February in the LARGE BRICK BUILDING heretofore occupied by the Rev. Geo. Aughinbaugh.—The services of Miss S. E. Montgomery, a young Lady of thorough education, and well versed in the "Arts of Teaching," have been procured, to take charge of the Female department.

Persons from different parts of the County, wishing to prepare themselves for teaching, will find it to their advantage by attending this Institution, as special care will be taken with them in the branches taught in the "Common Schools," *under the supervision of the County Superintendent.*

The Session will be divided into two Quarters of 11 weeks each.

Tuition per quarter:	
Primary Branches,	3 00
Common English,	4 00
Higher do	5 00
Classics,	6 25

Students entering before the middle of the Quarter will be charged full Tuition. Those entering after that time will be charged half Tuition. No deduction made unless in cases of protracted sickness

D. O. SHOEMAKER,
Principal.

Feb. 18, 1859.

I take pleasure in recommending Mr. Shoemaker to the patronage of the citizens of Bedford and vicinity. His success as a teacher is well established. I believe him to be fully qualified to teach all the branches he proposes to teach.

Feb. 18, 1859. G. W. AUGHINBAUGH.

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP

THE subscribers having formed a partnership under the style of "Dock & Ashcom" for the purpose of conducting a general

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE

business in the establishment recently erected by Gilliard Dock, in Hopewell, Bedford county, are now prepared to execute orders for *CASTINGS AND MACHINERY* of every description. They will build to order steam-engines, coal and drift-cars, horse powers and threshing machines—also, casting of every kind for furnaces, forges, saw, grist and rolling mills, ploughs, water-pipe, columns, house fronts, brackets, &c., &c.

They are also, now making a fine assortment of STOVES of various kinds of the latest patterns and most approved styles, including several sizes of COOK STOVES of the best make, heating stoves for churches, offices, bar-rooms, &c.

A full assortment of Stoves will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to suit the times, and quality, warranted equal to the best eastern make.—Machinery of all kinds repaired promptly.—Patterns made to order.

GILLIARD DOCK,
C. W. ASHCOM.

Nov. 6, 1857.

BLOODY RUN FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscribers are now prepared, at their Foundry in Bloody Run, to fill all orders for castings of any description for Grist and Saw Mills, Threshing Machines, Apple Mills, Ploughs, and all things else in their line that may be needed in this or the adjoining counties.

We manufacture Threshing Machines of 2 4 or 6 Horse power, *warranted* equal if not superior to any made in the State. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Woodcock, Plug, and Hillside Ploughs, *warranted* to give satisfaction or *no sale*. Points, shares and landsides, to fit all Woodcock or Seyler Ploughs in the County.

Farmer's Bells, Ploughs and Castings of our make may be had at Foundry prices at the store of Wm Hartley, Bedford, Pa., Louderbaugh & Pee, East Providence Tp., John Nycum & Son, Rays Hill. Times being hard, we offer great inducements to Farmers and Mechanics to buy of us.

All kinds of repairing done in a neat and substantial manner, and all work warranted. Call and examine our work and castings and judge for yourselves.

JOSIAH BAUGHMAN & BRO.

March 26, 1858.–tf.

HO! FOR BARGAINS!

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

J. & J. M. SHOMAKER respectfully beg leave to inform their numerous friends and patrons that they have just returned from the eastern Cities, and are now opening one of the best stocks of goods that have ever been brought to Bedford, which they will sell at a very small advance; consisting in part of a general assortment of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps, Queensware, Hardware, &c., *&., &c.*

Also, a large assortment of *Groceries*, such as Syrup, Molasses, White and Brown Sugars, Fish, Cheese, Salt, Spices, Indigo, Coffee, Extract of Coffee, Candles, Tar and Oil, Tobacco, *&c., &c., &c.*

To good and punctual customers, a credit of six months will be given.

Thankful for past favors, they hope to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

All kinds of produce taken in exchange for goods, for which the highest market prices will be paid.

Oct. 22, 1858.

SELLING OFF AT COST.

MRS. H. D. PEUGH wishes to retire from business, and will sell an entire Stock of goods at cost! Ladies wishing to supply themselves with goods at wholesale prices, would do well to call before the following handsome article are disposed of.

Rich silks, French Merinos, Cashmeres, Alpacas, Poplins, French and American De Lanes, Velvets' Shawls, Cloaks, Mantles, Ladies' and Childrens, Furs, Clouds, Hoods, Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, French Work, Gloves, Hoisery, Shoes, Jewelry, Perfumery, and an endless veriety of Fancy Goods.

Milliners would find it to their advantage to examine the assortment in the Millinery department.

Dec. 17, 1858.

SURVEYING.

O. H. GAITHER will promptly attend to all surveying business that may be entrusted to him. Office on Juliana street two doors south of the Inquirer office.

Dec. 31, 1858.

J. W. LINGENFELTER,

Attorney at Law and Land Surveyor

WILL attend with promptness to all business entrusted to his care.

Will practice in Bedford and Fulton Counties.

☞Office one door West of the Union Hotel.

Dec, 24, 1858.

THE INQUIRER

Is published every Friday morning, in Juliana Street, in the white frame building, nearly opposite the Mengel House, by

DAVID OVER.

TERMS:

If paid in advance, $1.50; within the year, $2.00; and if not paid within the year, $2.50 will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid—except at the option of the Editor. A failure to notify a discontinuance will be regarded as a new engagement.

Advertisements not exceeding a square, (10 lines,) inserted three times for $1—every subsequent insertion, 25 cents. Longer ones in the same proportion. Each fraction of a square counted as a full square. All advertisements not specially ordered for a given time will be continued until forbid. A liberal deduction will be made to those who advertise by the year.

Job Printing of all kinds executed neatly and promptly and on reasonable terms.

DR. W. H. WHITMOR,

OF Lancaster City, late of Philadelphia, where he has been in successful practice for a number of years, received his education at the best Medical College in the United States, and had the experience and practice in the different Hospitals for several years, a member of the Analytical Medical Institute of New York, and late Surgeon of the United States Navy, now offers himself to the public to attend any professional calls.

The purest medicines always on hand direct from the best Laboratories of our country, and the Botanical Gardens of the world. No patent medicine prescribed or recommended. Medicines used only which will not break down the constitution, but will renovate the system from all injuries it has sustained from mineral medicines. Chronic and difficult, diseases must be treated upon analytical principles which is to know and ascertain what disease is. Its nature and character require a knowledge of the chemical constituents of every solid and fluid of the human body; the changes those solids and fluids are capable of undergoing. To know what medicines to employ to cure diseases, requires a knowledge of the chemical constituents of all agents employed in medicine; and if we are in possession of this knowledge, it is possible to cure any disease—no matter of how long standing—and leave the patient in a healthy and perfectly cured condition.

Melancholy, Aberration, or that state of alienation and weakness of the mind which renders persons incapable of enjoying the pleasures of performing the duties of life; Dyspepsia; that distressing disease and fell destroyer of health and happiness, undermining the constitution, and yearly carrying thousands to untimely graves, can most emphatically be cured. Rheumatism, in any form or condition, chronic or acute, warranted curable; Epilepsy or falling sickness; all chronic and stubborn cases of Female Diseases radically removed; Salt Rheum, and every description of ulcerations; Piles and Scrofulous Diseases, which have baffled all previous medical skill can be cured by my treatment, when the constitution is not exhausted.

I do say all diseases (yes, *Consumption*) can be cured.

☞*Cancer cured without the knife.*.

I will remain in my office on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, from 9 o'clock A. M., to accommodate patients from a distance, and consult in the English and German languages. Will make visits to any distance if required. May be addressed by letter, Fulton Square, Lancaster city, Pa.

July 30, 1858–1y.

FOR SALE, OR TRADE.

A Farm within one mile of the Rail Road and two miles of Stonerstown, in the Broad Top Coal region, containing about 160 acres, being good bottom land—about one-half cleared and the balance well timbered. The farm is well improved, and a fine spring of excellent water at the door of the house—also two good orchards of fruit trees on the premises.

ALSO,

A farm in Morrison's cove, adjoining lands of David Stuckey, Barley's heirs, Jacob Furry and others, containing about 200 acres, one half cleared and the balance well timbered, with an abundance of locust and chestnut timber. There are several never failing springs upon the premises with a constantly running stream through the farm. There is also a large and thrifty young orchard bearing fruit thereon. The improvements are a rough cast House, Log Barn and out buildings.

ALSO,

160 acres of land in Harrison County, Iowa, of first class prairie, close to timber and within a few miles of the Missouri river above Council Bluffs.

ALSO,

334 acres in Story Co., Iowa

ALSO,

113 acres in Pottawattamie Co., Iowa, near Council Bluffs.

ALSO

Lot no. 8 of block 53 in the city of Omaha, Nebraska Territory

ALSO,

1280 acres land in Austin County, Texas. East of the Brazos River on the Texas central rail road which runs through the land. It is well watered being upon the head waters of Cypress creek.

ALSO,

320 acres in Comanche County, Texas, on Wreses creek, 4 miles East of the Leon River, and on the line of the Memphis and El Passo rail road now in process of construction.

ALSO,

The farm in Morrison's Cove, adjoining Bloomfield Furnace, known as the "Pearson property" lately owned by David Daniels, containing 121 acres and 60 perches, with an excellent orchard of fruit trees thereon and never failing water at the door. The improvements are one large frame House, one log House and barn, with convenient out-buildings. The land is good—produces well, and is in a high state of cultivation. A good pike is close by, leading to Hollidaysburg, which, with the Furnaces make a ready market at the door for all kinds of produce.

Nov. 12, 1858. O. E. SHANNON.

A. B. Cramer & Co.

HAVE just received a large and general assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

all of which have been purchased since the great decline in prices East.

Our assortment is the best we have ever offered, including all the newest styles in every department.

Unprecedented bargains will be offered our friends and customers for cash or produce.

A liberal credit will be extended to those only, who will promptly settle their accounts every January, by *cash or note.*

No trouble to show goods. Call and see the bargains.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Oct. 29, 1858.

WM. C. LOGAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

McCONNELLSBURG, PA.

WILL practice in the Courts of Fulton, Bedford and Franklin Counties. ☞Office on Main Street, opposite Speer's Hotel.

September 3, 1858.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded, at all hours of the day or night at Dr Harry's, Drug Store.

August6, 1858.

BEDFORD FOUNDRY.

THE subscribers having purchased the Bedford Foundry of Messrs Washabaugh & Bannon, would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford and adjoining counties, that they are prepared to make and furnish all kinds of CASTINGS for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS,

Thrashing Machines, Ploughs, Apple mills, Cooking, ten plate, and coal stoves, sled and Sleigh soles, wash kettles, of different sizes, wagon boxes of all sizes, farmers' bells, (a superior article,) oven doors, and every thing usually made in a country Foundry.

PLOUGHS.

Woodcock, Seyley and HILL-SIDE PLOUGHS. Also, a new PLUG PLOUGH, to which we call the especial attention of our farmers—a superior article to the old Plug Plough, with two kinds of points, shares and landsides to suit all ploughs in general use in this county. Turning and fitting of iron patterns made to order, and all kinds of repairing done at the shortest notice and at low prices. All our own work made of the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Farmers and others would do well to call and examine our work before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to meet the immergencies of the times, we will SELL LOW FOR CASH, OR COUNTRY PRODUCE. Pig and bar iron, horses and lumber, taken in exchange for work.

March 4, 1859.–1y SHIRES & JORDAN.

RICH FALL GOODS!

MRS. SARAH E. POTTS,

HAS just returned from the cities with a large and handsome stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Elegant cheap goods of all kinds, English merinos, 25 cts. per yard, shawls of every discription, and all prices, bought low at auction. Also, a large and handsome assortment of cloaks, furs victorine capes, cuffs and muffs, bonnets of all kinds, velvet, satin, drawn silks, gray straw, trimmed and unttrimmed. An endless assortment of ribbons, feathers and flowers and rushes, gloves and hosiery, boots and shoes, and a full assortment of all kinds of FANCY GOODS.

Country Milliners can be supplied with all kinds of Millinary Goods.

Oct. 22, 1858.

UNION HOTEL,

Bedford, Pa.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the public that he has opened a Hotel, under the above name, in the old and well known Globe building, on West Pitt Street, formerly owned and occupied by Mr. John Young, where he will be happy to see all his friends, and the traveling public generally. Persons attending Court are respectfully invited to give him a call. He pledges himself that he will do all in his power to render all his guests comfortable.

His Table will be supplied with the choicest delicacies the market will afford.

The Bed Rooms will contain clean and comfortable bedding.

The Bar will be supplied with choice liquors.

The Stable will be attended by a careful and attentive hostler.

☞Boarders will be taken by the day, week, month and year.

JONATHAN HORTON.

Bedford, April 30, 1858

LOOK OUT!

NEW GOODS!

ALTHOUGH the prospects of the Railroad are not very flattering, the friends of that enterprise have not yet quite despaired of ultimate success. Hoping that the people will see that it is not only to their interest to have the road completed as soon as possible, but that they should bear in mind that

REED & MANNICH

Have just received from the city, and are now opening out at their

Cheap Cash and Produce Store,

a large assortment of Cassimeres, Cloths, Prints, bleached and unbleached Muslins, Ginghams,

GROCERIES,

Coffee, Sugar, Syrup, extra pulverized Sugar, Cheese, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms for *cash* or *produce*.

Nov. 19 1858.

ROSS FORWARD. O. H. GAITHER.

Forward & Gaither,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Bedford, Pa.

ROSS FORWARD, of Somerset, and O. H. GAITHER, have opened a law office in Bedford, Pa. O. H. GAITHER, having located permanently in Bedford, will be assisted during every Court by the former. All business entrusted to them will be promptly and carefully attended to. Office on Juliana street, two doors south of the Inquirer office.

Dec. 31, 1858.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,

CHAMBERSBURG, PA.,

BOOKSELLERS and STATIONERS, and Dealers in Music and Musical Instruments. Our stock consists of Books, Stationery, Music, Musical Instruments, Wall papers, Blinds, French, German and American Lithograph, and steel engravings, gilt mouldings for frames, etc., etc., wholesale and retail. Dr. B. F. Harry is our agent for Bedford, and all orders given him will be promptly attended to.

March 7, 1857.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

DR. HARRY, at the Cheap Drug and Book Store, has just received, a large assortment of the best flavoring extracts, together with Baking Soda, Cream of Tartar, Saleratus, &c., of the very best quality, all of which he will sell the lowest prices.

Dr. F. C Reamer,

Physician and Surgeon.

Respectfully tenders his services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity. He may always be found (unless professionally engaged) at his Drug and Book Store, in Juliana St.

Feb. 19, 1857.

A CARD.

THE undersigned have associated themselves in the practice of medicine in the village of St. Clairsville, night calls promptly attended to.

Office opposite the St. Clair Inn.

WM. A. VICKROY,
G. W. STATLER.

Feb. 11, 1859.–6 mo.

PICKLING VINEGAR.

PINE Cider Vinegar just received—also mould Candles. Extra quality.

Oct. 1, 1858. A. B. CRAMER & Co.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral and Jayne's Expectorant at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

August 6, 1858.

SWAIM'S PANACEA at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

HAGERSTOWN ALMANACS for 1859, at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

Dec. 17, 58.18

BURNING FLUID and Pine oil always to be had at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

August6, 1858.

Iron City College

Iron City Commercial College.

PITTSBURGH, PA. CHARTERED 1855.

300 Students attending January, '58.

Now the largest and most thorough Commercial School of the United States. Young men prepared for actual duties of the Counting Room.

J. C. SMITH, A. M. Prof. of Book-keeping and Science of Accounts.

A. T. DOUTHETT, Teacher of Arithmetic and Commercial Calculation.

J. A. HEYDRICK and T. C. JENKINS Teachers of Book-keeping.

A. COWLEY and W. A. MILLER, Profs, of Penmanship.

SINGLE AND DOUBLE ENTRY BOOK KEEPING,

As used in every department of business.

COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC—RAPID BUSINESS WRITING—DETECTING COUNTERFEIT MONEY—MERCANTILE CORRESPONDENCE—COMMERCIAL LAW—

Are taught, and all other subjects necessary for the success and through education of practical business men.

12 PREMIUMS.

Drawn all the premiums in Pittsburg for the past three years, also in Eastern and Western Cities, for best Writing.

NOT ENGRAVED WORK.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION.

Students enter at any time—No vacation—Time unlimited—Review at pleasure—Graduates assisted in obtaining situations—Tuition for Full Commercial Course, $35,00—Average time 8 to 12 weeks—Board, $2,50 per week—Stationery, $6,00—Entire cost, $60,00 to $70,00.

☞Ministers', Sons received at half price.

For Card—Circular—Specimens of Business and Ornamental Writing—Inclose two stamps, and address

F. W. JENKINS, Pittsburgh, Pa

Oct. 1, 1858.–2y.

CHEAP CASH AND PRODUCE STORE!

Great inducements to Purchasers.

THE undersigned having purchased the Store lately owned by Samuel Brown, deceased, offers to the Public a large assortment of *Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Boots and Shoes, &c., &c., &c.*, at the LOWEST CASH PRICES.

His stock of goods is unsurpassed in every point of excellence, and purchasers need only call and see to be convinced that it is to their interest, to buy at his establishment for CASH, or COUNTRY PRODUCE.

He will make the most advantageous sales, to purchasers, as immediate payments will enable him to make

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!

Those who wish to secure bargains should not delay giving him a call.

Store Room same as lately occupied by Samuel Brown, immediately opposite the Washington Hotel. JOHN ALSIP.

March 4, 1859.

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby notified that I have purchased at Sheriff's Sale, one lot of Tinner Machines, Hand Tools, Patterns, &c., also the entire lot of Stock and Tin Ware, in the Shop lately occupied by Abraham Herman—as whose property the same was sold.

I also hereby give notice that I have hired said Herman, and will hereafter carry on the Tinning business at the Shop formerly occupied by him, on Juliana Street. Notice is further hereby given that the Books of said Herman now belong to me, and any persons having accounts will please present them to Samuel Radebaugh, Esq., for settlement, &c., without delay

Feb. 25, 1859.–3m. SAMUEL BARNDART.

THE MENGEL HOUSE.

Valentine Steckman,

PROPRIETOR.

Boarders taken by the day, week, month and year.

April 25, 1856–tf

Gettys' Photographic Gallery,

'EXCHANGE BUILDING,' BEDFORD, PA.

WHERE Ambrotypes, Daguerreotypes, &c &c., are executed in the latest style and improvements of the Art. A full assortment of plain and fancy cases, gold and plate Lockets at very low prices.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine his specimens.

T. R. GETTYS, Jr.

May 22,1857.

New Jewelry.

THE subscriber has opened out a new and splendid assortment of all kinds of the most fashionable Jewelry—consisting in part of Breast Pins, Finger Rings, Ear Rings, &c. &c. Call and see his stock.

del4 DANIEL BORDER.

DENTIST.

C. N. HICKOK.

Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations in the profession of the above. To set teeth, plugging, regulating, &c., and artificial teeth inserted, from one to an entire set. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted.

☞Terms INVARIABLY CASH.

Office on East Pitt street, Bedford, Pa.

R. D. BARCLAY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

BEDFORD, PA.,

WILL attend promptly and faithfully to all legal business entrusted to his care.

☞Office on Juliana Street, in the building formerly occupied by S. M. Barclay, Esq., dec'd.

March 26, 1858.

D. S. RIDDLE,

Formerly of Bedford, Pa.

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

74, WALL ST. NEW YORK.

All business promptly attended to.

Dec. 8, 1858.

Plastering Laths!!

THE UNDERSIGNED having erected a Mill for sawing PLASTERING LATHS on his premises in Union Tp., Bedford county, is now ready to furnish any quantity on the shortest notice. Price $1.50 per thousand, 3 ft. long. Other lengths in proportion.

Letters addressed to me at St. Clairsville, will be promptly attended to.

WM. GRIFFITH.

Union Tp., Feb. 16, 1854.–zz.

WHITE TEETH and a perfumed breath can be acquired by using the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers." To be had at

DR. HARRYS.

March 6, 1857.

JAYNE'S Wrights, Bennett's and Dyott's pills at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

August 6, 1858.

For the Hair—Jockey Club, and new mown hay, pomatums, genuine ox marrow, at Dr. Harry's.